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VOL. 44 EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1910. NO. 11.

SHORTER NEWS ITEMS

Pithy Paragraphs that Chronicle the Week's Doings.

Long Dispatches From Various Parts of the World Shorn of Their Padding and Only Facts Given In as Few Words as Possible For the Benefit of the Hurried Reader.

Thursday.

Two hundred thieves loot a candy store in New York and carry off 21,000 pounds of sweets.

Mayor Gaynor vetoes a resolution for an automobile for the coroner of Richmond, advising him to walk.

Two Americans make an endowment amounting to $50,000 for a consumptive dispensary and sanitarium at Dublin.

Senator Aldrich officially notifies the president that he will decline a re-election and Senator Hale refuses to make a campaign.

James S. Havens, Democrat, is elected representative in congress from the Rochester district over George W. Aldridge, by a majority of 5,831.

Oberlin M. Carter, the army engineer involved in the Savannah harbor contract frauds, loses all his fortune by decision of the United States supreme court.

Governor Hughes has granted the requisition for the extradition to Pittsburg of Frank N. Hoffstot, president of the Pressed Steel Car company, who is under indictment on a charge of conspiracy.

Friday.

Gerardus M. Wynkoop, New York banker, returned from a rubber expedition in British East Africa and brings a lively lion whelp.

The resolution indorsing the proposed income tax amendment to the federal constitution is defeated in the New York assembly, lacking two votes of a majority.

Eddie Fay and "Little Dick" Harris were sentenced to ten years in the Atlanta penitentiary and fined $6,000 each for robbing the Richmond (Va.) postoffice of $85,000.

Frank N. Hoffstot, charged with conspiracy which resulted in bribery in Pittsburg, obtains a writ of habeas corpus when arrested on the requisition granted by Governor Hughes.

Saturday.

A woman suffering from leprosy is found in a tenement house in New York, having come from Baltimore for treatment.

After 42 hours' deliberation the jury in the bribery case of former Councilman A. V. Simon at Pittsburg failed to agree and was discharged.

Pasteurized milk is not permitted in the dietary of the New York Catholic protectory and the wards are fed with a pure raw milk of high quality.

Senator Johnston of Alabama informs the senate that a movement to import Australian beef, to lower trust prices, is under way in New York.

Sir Edward Morris, premier of Newfoundland, interviewed in Montreal, declares Newfoundland is ready and willing for reciprocity with the United States.

Monday.

Theodore Roosevelt delivers a lecture at the Sorbonne in Paris on Citizenship In a Republic.

"Buffalo Bill" announces his retirement from a public career with the present season of his Wild West.

Vice President Sherman will open the Republican congressional campaign in the Middle West with a speech at St. Louis.

Thousand of persons attend the funeral of Mark Twain in the Brick church, New York, before the body was taken to Elmira for burial.

Representative Harrison wants congress to ask for report made to treasury department nineteen years ago, and said to disclose frauds in the customs service at New York.

Tuesday.

Senator Burrows of Michigan refuses to be shoved into the down-and-out class and intimates he will not retire without a fight.

When the year book of Trinity parish, New York, the richest church corporation in the world, was made public, the total assets were seen to be $14,900,000.

Completed reports from the fruit centers of the Middle West indicate that the loss on account of the blizzard and freezing weather will amount to $40,000,000.

Wednesday.

Military dirigible airships of both the German and the British governments were destroyed when torn from their moorings by high winds.

The big tent of a circus which has been exhibiting in Jersey City collapsed in a thunder storm, killing one man and fatally injuring another.

St. Louis reports a jump in the prices of fruits and vegetables as the result of the cold wave, which still extends over the Southern states.

An expedition promoted jointly by a newspaper of Portland, Ore., and another of New York left Portland to scale Mt. McKinley, Alaska.

The beautiful new home of the International Bureau of American Republics in Washington was formally dedicated in the presence of a most distinguished company.

News Snapshots Of the Week The death of Mark Twain at his home, Redding, Conn., caused deep sorrow throughout the entire country. President Fallieres of France greeted Roosevelt in Paris. Mary D. Spiers resigned for some mysterious reason as private secretary to Mrs. Taft. James S. Havens, Democrat, elected congressman from Rochester, N. Y. Senators Aldrich and Hale announced that they would retire from senate next spring. Six college professors from Cornell are making tour of country with a cow in private car to demonstrate to farmers best way to breed cattle. Miss Marjorie Gould, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould, became the bride of A. J. Drexel, Jr.

New Federal Building.

Postmaster H. H. North has received plans for Bradford's new Federal building, which is to cost $70,000 and which is to be erected on a site at the corner of East Corydon and Chestnut Streets. The supervising architect of the Treasury Department sent the plans to the local postmaster to have him make any desired alterations in the part to be used as the postoffice.

Position Offered.

Prof. R. H. Edgar, principal of the East Ward School, was a business caller at Kane, last Saturday. Mr. Edgar has received a good offer to sing in one of the vaudeville houses at Kane during the summer months, and is now considering the offer. If he accepts the position the management at Kane is to be congratulated upon securing the services of Prof. Edgar, as he possesses rare talent as a vocalist, and is sure to sure to give absolute satisfaction.

Editorial Comments.

Col. Roosevelt is pouring "hot stuff" into the minds of the old world as he hurries for America. He has a wonderful storehouse of good sense, and some ridiculous nonsense, especially his "hobby" of large families. We do not believe in placing, or referring to the mother as a polific breeder, or the father as a boar. There is altogether too much printed and spoken upon this sacred subject. In times gone by, such events were spoken, or referred to, with abated breath, and not likened unto the prize breeding creatures. It is ridiculous.

Now that so much is being written throughout the Nation relative to the Congressional timber to be floated before the people this fall for Congress, it behooves all citizens of Cameron county, in fact every voter composing this Congressional district, to think well: Will it not be safer to trust their interests with a tried and true Congressman, such as Hon. Chas. F. Barclay has proven himself to be? We confidently expect the re-nomination of Capt. Chas. F. Barclay at the Uniform Primaries to be held June 4th. The interests of the entire county are safe as long as such men are kept in Congress. Cameron county should, and we believe will be, a unit for the "Bucktail" Congressman, Chas. F. Barclay.

Still Doing Business.

The five and cent store opened several weeks ago is still on the job and still doing business at the same stand. New goods are arriving daily and the prtronage is increasing constantly. If you have not made a call at this popular new store do not fail to do so as soon as possible as the goods are sure to please and the prices are right. Notions and trinkets, as well as household necessities, abound and are all O. K.

Company M. Re-Organization.

From now on until after the summer Encampment there will be unusual activity in the companies of Third Battalion. Company L is to be again consolidated with Company M., and the weekly drill resumed on Monday evenings at 7:45. Old members of the organization are urged to re-enlist and new members (over twelve) are invited to come in. As soon as the company gets into its old swing again, there will be a formal inspection by the commander of the battalion.

The Third Battalion has received an invitation to take part in a grand military parade in Ridgway on Memorial Day. It is hoped that Company M will be able to participate in this. The boys are eager to go, and if every one will take hold of the work in good earnest and do his part to bring the Company up to its proper showing in numbers and efficiency, no doubt the trip can be arranged.

According to present plans the Encampment will be held at Sizerville June 29-July 6. The special feature of the Encampment will be a very interesting Fourth of July program, which will draw a large number of visitors. In addition to the companies from Emporium, St. Marys and Ridgway, it is expected that two companies from Bradford will be present throughout the Encampment. Colonel Lyons of Bradford will be present as the guest of the Encampment.

Burned By Gas.

Miss Kate Market, who is employed as second cook at Hotel Warner, had a narrow escape last Thursday afternoon, from being seriously burned by gas. It is the same story repeated so often, the gas being turned off and then by passing the stove touching the key and turning it slightly. When Miss Market went to light the gas in the oven, preparatory to getting ready for supper, there was an explosion which was heard distinctly on Main Street. Miss Market was burned quite badly on the face and hands, and the burns are very painful.

Harmony of Dress.

A beautiful woman also studies the harmony of painting a well kept home, takes care to have the house painted with paint that will continue to look bright, clean and fresh looking. The L. & M., never becomes dingy, because only chemically pure colors are used, only the finest White Lead, only the purest of Linseed Oil, only expert paint-makers produce it with machinery, a thousand gallons at a time. Contrast this with the costly and crude production of White Lead Paint made by hard labor with stick in a pot—a few gallons at a time. L. & M., is sold by Harry S. Lloyd, Emporium, Pa.

Commencement Notes.

The Twenty-first Annual Commencement of the Emporium High School will be held in the Opera House on Wednesday evening, May 11, 1910. Dr. Geo. Leslie Omwake, Vice President of Uursinus College will deliver the Commencement Address. Class night on Tuesday evening, May 10th. All of the members of the class will be represented one or the other of the two programs. Tickets will be sold for twenty-five cents, which will admit to both evenings.

The Baccalaureate Service will be held in the First Methodist Episcopal Church, on Sunday evening, May 8th. The sermon will be preached by the Rev. J. M. Robertson, of the Episcopal Church.

Miss Bertha Smith Drowned.

Special to the Press:—

SINNAMAHONING, PA , APRIL, 25, 1910.

Miss Bertha Smith, daughter of J. H. Smith, of First Fork, was drowned in the First Fork Creek, to-day about noon. The scene of the accident was about five miles from this place. The young girl was accompanied by Willis Barton, who is about twelve years of age, and together they started to cross the stream on a foot bridge, on her way to her grand-parents. At the same time a couple of young men were crossing the bridge on their way to Mr. Wennin's. They were all on the bridge when it gave way and dropped them all into the swoollen stream. Miss Smith was seen by one of the young men, who was close to where he came up, and he saw her sink never to rise again. The boy swam about a quarter of a mile and caught onto the brush and saved himself from a watery grave. One of the men who could not swim managed to get a piece of board, which kept him afloat until he was rescued, about a mile below the bridge. Searching parties have been along the creek ever since the sad accident happened, but no trace of the missing girl can be found up to this date, as the stream was very high and the body may have gone a great distance down the stream. J. R. B.

Ridgway's Big Fire.

Last Snturday morning about 1:15, fire of unknown origin, started in the Hyde-Murphy plant at Ridgway and before the firemen could check the blaze it had completely consumed the big plant, spread across the street consuming several buildings in that section. As soon as the magnitude of the fire was ascertained DuBois, Johnsonburg and St. Marys were wired to send aid, to which all responded. The fire wiped out one of the principal industries of the town and cleaned out six of the business houses, destroyed several dwellings and buildings used as department houses and did other damage. The estimate loss is about one half million dollars with about half of that amount covered by insurance. Fifty-two visiting firemen took breakfast at the Bogert, Saturday morning. These visitors rendered invaluable assistance during their stay there. Both the Pennsylvania and the B. R. & P. R. R. Companies were of great aid to the town of Ridgway during the fire, by giving trains to carry the firemen and apparatus from DuBois Johnsonburg and St Marys. It is expected that most of the burned buildings will be rebuilt at once.

Graduating Class Entertained.

Mr. Earl MacDougall was a host at a class party given at his home last Thursday evening to the members of the Graduating Class of 1910. The rooms were tastefully decorated in the Class colors, orange and black and the High School colors, red and white, making a very pretty effect. The favors were pink roses. Messrs. Ed. Baldwin and Joe McNarney were successful in capturing the first prizes in the contests of the evening, while Misses Ximena Brooks and Helen Cook. After a most delightful evening spent in new and up-to-date pasttimes, an elaborate luncheon of six courses was served. Earl never does anything by halves and as a host is most successful, making his guests feel perfectly at home and thereby affording them a good time.

For Sale at a Bargain.

A square dining room table, good as new—Apply at PRESS office.

Council Proceedings.

Emporium, Pa., April 25, 1910.

Special meeting of Emporium Borough Council held for the purpose of receiving and opening of bids for the proposed paving of Broad Street from the north line of the Penn'a Railroad to the north line of Fifth street, and the transaction of such other business as might come before the council.

Present:—Messrs. Foster, Howard, Norris, Mumford, Pearsall, Haupt and Rishell.

Absent:—Messrs. Spencer, Cummings.

Communications from the Penn Vitrified Brick Co., of Cameron, Pa., relative to the price and quality of brick they offer, also as to the guarantee they place on their brick, were read and ordered placed on file, on motion of Messrs. Mumford and Pearsall.

On motion of Messrs. Mumford and Howard the Secretary was instructed to open and read the bids. In accordance with this motion the following bids were opened and read:

LEHIGH CONTRACTING CO:—

Grading and Paving, per sq. yard	$ 1 67
Concrete curbing, per lineal foot,	35
Catch basins, per catch basin,	20 00
Curb inlets, per inlet,	10 00
10-inch sewer, per foot,	60
Estimated total cost of contract, $9,341 20	

W. H. CRAMER:—

Grading and paving, per sq. yard,	$ 1 58
Concrete curbing, per lineal foot,	67
Catch basins, per catch basin,	37 00
Curb inlets, per inlet,	22 50
10-inch sewer, per foot,	47
Estimated total cost of Contract, $9337 44.	

M. APPLEGATE & SON:—

Grading and paving, per sq. yard,	$ 1 54
Concrete curbing, per lineal foot,	68
Catch basins, per catch basin,	40 00
Curb inlets, per inlet,	15 00
10-inch sewer, per foot,	58
Estimated total cost of contract, $9,132 16.	

CHARLES DUGAN:—

Grading and paving, per sp. yard,	$ 1 40
Concrete curbing, per lineal foot,	50
Catch basins, per catch basin,	20 00
Curb inlets, per inlet,	25 00
10-inch sewer, per foot,	55
Estimated total cost of contract, $8,231 09	

COSTELLO & NEAGLE:—

Grading and paving, per sq. yard,	$ 1 27
Concrete Curbing, per lineal foot,	65
Catch basins, per catch basin,	35 00
Curb inlets, per inlet,	22 50
10-inch sewer, per foot,	40
Estimated total cost of contract, $7.672 80.	

On motion of Messrs. Norris and Howard council went into executive session for the consideration of the different bids. After due consideration, executive session closed on motion of Messrs. Norris and Howard, and thep ublic were re-admitted.

Moved by Mr. Norris, seconded by Mr. Mumford, "That the bid of Messrs Costello & Neagle, being the lowest, be accepted, and that the Secretary is hereby instructed to have contract signed and sealed, and have bond properly executed. Carried.

Moved by Norris, seconded by Howard, that the certified checks accompanying the bids, with the exception of that of Costello & Neagle, be returned to the bidders, with the thanks of the Council. Carried.

Moved by Norris, seconded by Mumford, that an order for $100 00 be drawn in favor of A. H. Shafer, on account of contract. Carried.

Council then adjourned.

E. D. WHITE,
Assistant Sec'y.

Friday Night Dance.

A dance will be held at the opera house on Friday evening, April 15th, from nine to twelve p. m. Good music has been engaged for the occasion Price 50c per couple.

Good Piano for Sale.

A Bradbury Piano (square) in good condition.
Apply at PRESS office 37-tf.

THE WEATHER.

FRIDAY, Fair.
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Showers.

ASSETS

First National Bank,
EMPORIUM, PA.

At the close of business, April 27, 1910.

$959,721.09.

Home Savings Banks.—How to Get One.

It is natural for all parents to wish their children prosperity after they have reached their majority. In order to assist them on the road to prosperity and teach them economy, we loan every person depositing $1.00 a beautiful nickel bank, and credit the amount in a pass book drawing three per cent, interest semi-annually.

You are to bring the bank to this Bank whenever convenient, it will be opened by the one key we keep and the contents placed to the credit of the child.

It will be a surprise and a delight to you to see how the account will grow.

$1.00 Starts an Account.

3% INTEREST PAID ON SAVING BOOK ACCOUNTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

DR. LEON REX FELT,
DENTIST.
Rockwell Block, Emporium, Pa.

DR. H. W. MITCHELL,
DENTIST,
Office over A. F. Vogt's Shoe Store
Emporium, Pa 12y

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

FOR CONGRESS.

Editor Press:—

We are authorized to announce the name of HON. CHARLES F. BARCLAY, of Cameron county, as a candidate for Congress, upon the Republican ticket, in the 21st Congressional District, subject to the decision of the voters as expressed at the Primary Election, to be held in June of 1910.

Editor Press:—

You are authorized to announce my name as a candidate for Congress, for the 21st Congressional District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, McKean, Centre and Cameron, subject to the Rules of the Republican Party.—Primary Election, June 4th, 1910.

Yours truly,
CHAS. E. PATTEN.
Curwensville, Clearfield Co., Pa.,
November 30th, 1909.—t. p.

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To The Editor:—I hereby announce myself a candidate for Congress in the 21st Pennsylvania district, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the primaries to be held June 10, 1910. I make this announcement and enter the contest in compliance with the earnest requests of many prominent members of the party in the district and also because I believe that in Congress, if elected, I would be in a position to effectively advocate those principles and measures of good government, which now more than ever, should be embodied in Federal legislation. I believe in clean politics and progressive Roosevelt policies. And to the end that I may serve their best interests, I ask the support of the Republicans of this district.

LEWIS EMERY, JR.
Bradford, Pa., March 15, 1910.

Emporium Furnace May be Remodeled.

We are reliably informed the Emporium Iron Company will possibly go out of blast within a few days for the purpose of repairing the plant, which will no doubt take some weeks to make. Of course the workmen will be given employment on the new work. Mr. Andrew Brady went to New York last night and upon his return will know just what changes will be made. We all hope this important industry may grow to be as important as the Homestead plant and its energetic manager, Mr. Andrew Brady, may become as wealthy as Mr. Carnegie.

The First Car.

Mount Hope Coal and Coke Company, whose mines are located at Sterling Run, on Tuesday delivered its first car of coal to the railroad. There is no better coal in the country, for both coke and steam, than the Mt. Hope vein.

Attained Majority.

Saturday, April 30 will be our 21st anniversary, of starting in the shoe business in Emporium. We wish to thank the public for past favors and announce our new prices for repairing in the future.

Men's shoes, soled and heeled with best oak-tanned soles, 70c; Women's, 60; Misses', 50c.

Boy's and children at correspondingly low prices according to sizes.

11-1t. LECHNER'S SHOE STORE.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 10 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year, over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

WORTHLESS FARMS.

American agriculture shows a strange contrast. With the price of farm products higher than ever before, farm land has depreciated in value, and the number of abandoned farms steadily increases. Figures gathered by the conservation commission are surprising. It is shown that there are 16,000 square miles of abandoned farms, chiefly in New England, New York, the southeast and the middle central states. That is, there are in the United States at present 10,000,000 acres of abandoned farm land—an area as large as the cultivated part of the Canadian northwest, 15 times the size of Rhode Island, four times the size of Connecticut, twice the size of Massachusetts, or half as large as Ohio, says Cleveland Plain Dealer. Of the many reasons advanced to explain this desertion of farms, two or three are especially worth noticing. Most important of all, perhaps, is the wasteful system of cultivation that has so long prevailed in the United States. A fertile soil has in countless cases been exhausted by taking everything from it and returning nothing to it. Add to this the fact that there is a marked trend of population from city to country, and that farm labor has become so expensive as to leave little profit from the work of a laborer, and it is little wonder that so many owners of farms do not care to cultivate them.

Relic hunters have been breaking into the church where President Taft worships in Washington. During the past year it has been twice necessary to rebuild the president's pew, and it is no longer safe to leave the hymn books in the rack or the cushion on the seat after the chief executive has attended services, says Chicago Record-Herald. So many books and cushions have been carried away that officials of the church now take everything that is movable from the pew as soon as the president finishes his devotions. Cannot something be done to lessen the hardship that is thus put upon the relic hunters? Why not furnish a plank for the president to sit on when he goes to church, and then leave it for the relic hunters to whittle up and divide among themselves? By having it made of some kind of soft wood the comfort of the president and the convenience of the relic hunters would both be provided for. We are a great people and ought to be able somehow to keep our relic hunters from feeling that they are being deprived of their rights.

A number of parents in Vienna have sent a petition to the educational authorities asking that the number of studies be reduced and that examinations be made less severe. This action, practically against the modern "cramming" system, was suggested by the suicide of a schoolboy who had failed to pass his examination in Greek and Latin. The moral is not one which need be confined to Vienna.

It is said that in some parts of the south farmers use the razor-back hog as a defense against wolves and sheep-killing dogs. A hungry razorback can whip half a dozen wolves at the same time and so fierce do these porkers become that sheep-killing animals do not venture near a farm where they are kept.

Edison's street car storage battery may make the trolley obsolete. In time the wizards of science may even invent a strap to which it is a pleasure and comfort to hang, but overenthusiastic hopes should not be indulged in this direction.

The Filipinos are frightened at the army maneuvers in the Philippines. They remember too well the real thing to be persuaded this is play. It is well, maybe, that such an impression is left upon their memories.

There is to be an investigation of the sanity of a New York woman who wants to give away money. She must have some relatives who are eager to do a little inheriting.

KEEP TARIFF PEACE

DISAGREEMENT WITH CANADA TO BE AVOIDED.

Anything in the Nature of a Struggle Would Have Been Most Unfortunate—Important Field for Our Manufacturers.

It is good news that tariff peace with Canada is practically assured. The time limit for an agreement was almost reached before the difference between Washington and Ottawa were adjusted, and a failure to come to such a conclusion would have been costly to both countries and in every sense unfortunate.

The Dominion is one of the best customers for American products, notwithstanding the fact that the two countries are rivals in the markets of the world in disposing of many important staples, chiefly agricultural. The rapid growth of Canada is adding enormously to the purchasing power of Canadian trade centers, and the value of Canadian patronage is fast increasing.

In fact, the rate per cent. of expansion in the international trade of the Dominion is higher than the rate of growth in the foreign commerce of the United States. The figures are bigger on this side of the border, but the rate of increase is lower.

In February the expansion of the foreign commerce of the Dominion was nearly 20 per cent. In the first 11 months of the Canadian government's fiscal year the rate of gain was more than 20 per cent. The actual increase was over $104,000,000. There is nothing small about the Canada of to-day.

Such a country, separated from this republic by a boundary 3,000 miles long and mainly nothing but an imaginary line, must be one of the most important fields in the world for American manufacturers and exporters of all kinds to cultivate. To maintain friendly and favorable trade relations with the Dominion ought to be a settled policy of the United States.

Splendid Words for Arbitration.

Platonic advocacy of peace and arbitration is now fashionable even in quarters that have no intention of taking a real step forward in the direction of armament limitation and reduction of the staggering war or defense burdens. But President Taft made some declarations before the American Peace and Arbitration league that are significant and progressive—that should, and doubtless will, have great moral effect. They will, at any rate, inspire and gratify all the active peace workers of the world.

It is no small matter to secure submission to arbitration of questions involving construction of treaties and differences over individual claims or minor property rights. It would be a much greater victory for reason, good will and humanity to secure the submission of questions involving "national honor" or "vital interest." The ordinary arbitration speech or article expressly disclaims the idea of including such questions, but Mr. Taft tells the world that personally he sees no moral or practical objection to the arbitration of matters of honor and vital interest. He is prepared to go beyond most men, and all the rules or men so far heard from on the subject, in favoring arbitration before and by proper tribunals of all international disputes without exception or limitation.

Kings, presidents, premiers and foreign ministers will recognize the importance of this "personal" opinion of the head of the United States. It cannot fail to stimulate the work of the true friends of peace—and of the discussion of limitation of armaments by agreement as the next duty and task of the enlightened nations.

Strange It Didn't Come Sooner.

The west is not going crazy for low tariff rates. Colorado is a state in which a good deal of opposition to the new law was said to prevail, but the intelligent people out there are not to be fooled by the silly free trade trick of trying to lay all advance in prices of necessaries of life to the tariff. The Boulder (Colo.) News remarks: "If the tariff is the cause of high prices, as is so persistently asserted, it is strange that they did not come sooner. We have had a high tariff law for many years, and it is curious if it has just begun to affect prices so radically, and especially on those articles on which the tariff has been reduced or removed." It is just as reasonable to attribute to the tariff the altitudinous prices of wheat, gold and other products during the strenuous times of the civil war.—Troy Times.

The congress and Mr. Taft are committed to the ideals and the policies of that great American, Abraham Lincoln, and his wise dictum on the field of Gettysburg: "Government by the people, for the people and of the people shall not perish from the earth."—Wauseon (O.) Republican.

The Party's Pathway.

Congress must push ahead with constructive legislation if a political revolution is to be averted. The promises of the Republican platform must be kept, in letter and in spirit, if the country is to be turned back from the road to Democratic control of the federal government. The best brains in the Taft administration and the highest courage must be given full swing if the battle next November is to be won for the party in power.—Cleveland Leader.

LIVING HERE AND ABROAD

Words of Samuel Gompers Good Evidence as to the Benefits of Protection.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, gives some interesting facts as follows:

"I believe I may assert that whether the cost of living in Europe or in America is greater to the working man depends entirely on the standard of living he adopts while in America. If he voluntarily lives a life of self-denial in this country that he compulsorily lived in his native land, his outlay in money will remain about the same. Even then he will hardly escape gaining some from the superior supply of the good things of life in America. Living is cheap to the wage worker in Europe only because he does without what in America soon becomes a necessity to him—food in good quantity and quality, presentable clothes, and a comfortable home, and, in general, a larger and freer life. Meat is usually from 25 per cent. to 100 per cent. higher in Europe than in the United States. The immigrants coming to America finds that he can buy in quantity, and (in cases where he need not) his flour, potatoes, fuel, sugar, coffee, salt—the essentials for his plain table—all cost less ordinarily than in the land he left. The cheapness and abundance of many varieties of fruit and of our melons and tomatoes is a surprise to him. Closely after the most pressing necessities come a line of things cheaper than in Europe, such as cotton clothing, jumpers and shoes. Fine wool and silk stuffs, furs, laces and kid gloves cost less abroad than in the United States, a fact, however, which bears as lightly in an inquiry as to the conditions of the masses as does the tariff on the masterpieces of art. The main conclusion as to housing is the same as that relating to food; if the immigrant who comes to this country is willing to continue livng here at the same level he was obliged to accept in his native land, he can find it for the same money."

Stop "Cussing" and Begin Thinking.

Gentlemen who insist on "cussing" the tariff for the high cost of living should take a copy of the new tariff law in one hand and a price list of groceries and meats in the other and inform themselves. Maybe they will find what the philosophers call food for thought.

For example, it will be noted that the tariff rate has been increased on figs, pineapples, dates, hops, split peas, grapes in barrels, buckwheat flour—and all of these things either remain at the old prices or have been reduced in cost to the consumer.

And we only see one chance for the "cussing" gentleman to reply. He may say he doesn't care for hops anyway.

On the other hand, the tariff has been reduced on beef, bacon, mutton, veal, pork, ham, barley, green peas, dried peas, cream, starch, cabbage, lard, cornmeal and sugar, among other things—and on all these things, or nearly all of them, the prices have gone up.

There is no question of the high price of living. But it isn't fair to charge the tariff doesn't do it—as the facts and figures show.

Living costs more and more because more and more the people who produce have quit producing and have gone into the consuming class. And there is little hope of the cost of living getting down to old-time prices until the tide of population turns from the mills and the cities, and the millions now depending on wages—or charity—turn to taking care of themselves by raising what they need for food, and a little for the market.

Then things will get down to the normal—and not until then.—Salt Lake City Herald.

Consular Reform.

The analysis of the operation of President Roosevelt's order of 1906 proving for promotion in the consular service and substituting examination for political pull as a requisite for appointment is highly gratifying. Of the 64 consuls general now serving 22 have been promoted under this order and three appointed after examination, the others having been in the service before the order. Of 229 consuls, 166 were serving before the order, seven have been promoted and 50 appointed after examination.

The assumption is therefore justified that the membership of the service today is better qualified by length of service or by proved fitness upon examination than there was any hope that it ever was under the old spoils system of appointment. Under the administration of Secretary Knox absolute fitness will continue to be the test, as he has upon more than one occasion made plain. The consuls are the business agents of the government abroad with certain clearly defined duties. Hereafter a consular post will not be a foreign vacation at the expense of the government. The incumbents will have to earn their salaries and it is well to learn that in the first case it is seen they are capable of doing it

Solidified the Party.

If the effect of all this shall be, as Republicans of various shades predict, to restore unity of the majority party in the house, the Democrats will get rather worse than nothing out of their demonstration of strength. Instead of holding aloof and allowing the Republicans to fight their own battles, they fought the insurgents' battle for them and helped them to extinguish the very offense that was counted on as a campaign issue to help the Democrats in the elections for the new congress.

There is no problem of increased cost of food if you eat more

Quaker Oats

An ideal food; delicious; appetizing; strengthening.

Compared with other foods Quaker Oats costs almost nothing and yet it builds the best. C2

Algy Explains.

"What do you suppose, Algernon," the young thing asked, "is the reason the ocean is salty?"

"I am sure I don't know," drawled Algy, "unless it is because there are so many salt fish in it."—Success.

When Rubbers Become Necessary

And your shoes pinch, shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Cures tired, aching feet and takes the sting out of Corns and Bunions. Always use it for Breaking in New shoes and for dancing parties. Sold everywhere 25c. Sample mailed FREE Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y

Tuberculosis in Ireland.

A bill will be brought before the British parliament calling for steps to be taken to prevent the high mortality from tuberculosis in Ireland. The bill will demand the compulsory notification and registration of tuberculosis cases, the establishment of special institutions for consumptive patients, the instruction of the public about this disease, and improved control over the meat and milk supplies.

The President's Speech.

The president of the Hewitt Bros. Soap Company, Dayton, Ohio, says: "Buy two cakes of Easy Task soap for ten cents; use one bar and if it isn't just what we say it is, you get your dime back in a jiffy." It is a strong claim to say that Easy Task soap cuts the work of washday in half, but the fact can be proven by the evidence of thousands of delighted women.

Used to It.

Recently a lady witness in a court up the state was subjected to a troublesome fire of cross questions, and the lawyer, thinking that some apology was necessary, tried to square himself.

"I really hope, madam," said he, "that I don't annoy you with all these questions."

"Oh, no," was the prompt reply; "I am accustomed to it."

"You don't mean it?" wonderingly returned the lawyer.

"Yes," rejoined the lady, "I have a six-year-old boy at home."

Newfoundland's Bad Record.

The Newfoundland Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis is carrying on a vigorous and necessary campaign this year in the island. The death rate from the disease in Newfoundland is very large. About one in every five of the total population dies of it, and, what is worse, in the last six years the death rate, which is stationary or decreasing elsewhere, has increased about 50 per cent. This is due largely to the native horror of fresh air in the house.

Returning to Prose.

Flushed with triumph and 90 degrees in the shade, parched and scant of breath, they stood upon the towering mountain peak, and surveyed the gorgeous panorama that spread itself beneath them like a two-inch to the mile ordnance map of the whole world.

"There!" she exclaimed, angrily. 'We have climbed all this distance to admire the beauties of nature, and we've left the glass at home!"

Tranquilly smiling, he shifted the lunch basket to the other arm.

"Never mind, dear," he replied. "There's nobody about. It won't hurt us just this once to drink out of the bottle."—Answers.

ABANDONED IT

For the Old Fashioned Coffee Was Killing.

"I always drank coffee with the rest of the family, for it seemed as if there was nothing for breakfast if we did not have it on the table.

"I had been troubled some time with my heart, which did not feel right. This trouble grew worse steadily.

"Sometimes it would beat fast and at other times very slowly, so that I would hardly be able to do work for an hour or two after breakfast, and if I walked up a hill, it gave me a severe pain.

"I had no idea of what the trouble was until a friend suggested that perhaps it might be caused by coffee drinking. I tried leaving off the coffee and began drinking Postum. The change came quickly. I am now glad to say that I am entirely well of the heart trouble and attribute the relief to leaving off coffee and the use of Postum.

"A number of my friends have abandoned the old fashioned coffee and have taken up with Postum, which they are using steadily. There are some people that make Postum very weak and tasteless, but if it is boiled long enough, according to directions, it is a very delicious beverage. We have never used any of the old fashioned coffee since Postum was first started in our house."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS'

5 DROPS

TRADE MARK

CURES

RHEUMATISM
LUMBAGO, SCIATICA
NEURALGIA and
KIDNEY TROUBLE

"5-DROPS" taken internally, rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

DR. S. D. BLAND
Of Brewton, Ga., writes:

"I had been a sufferer for a number of years with Lumbago and Rheumatism in my arms and legs, and tried all the remedies that I could gather from medical works, and also consulted with a number of the best physicians, but found nothing that gave the relief obtained from "5-DROPS." I shall prescribe it in my practice for rheumatism and kindred diseases."

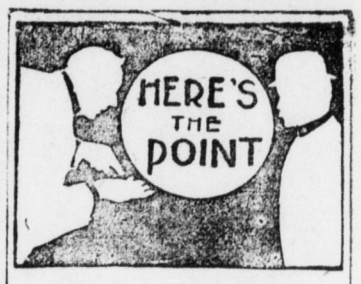
FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS," and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" can be used any length of time without acquiring a "drug habit," as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, alcohol, laudanum, and other similar ingredients.

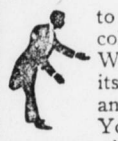
Large Size Bottle, "5-DROPS" (500 Doses) $1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY,
Dept. 80. 160 Lake Street, Chicago.



If you are a business man, did you ever think of the field of opportunity that advertising opens to you? There is almost no limit to the possibilities of your business if you study how to turn trade into your store. If you are not getting your share of the business of your community *there's a reason.* People go where they are attracted—where they *know* what they can get and how much it is sold for. If you make direct statements in your advertising see to it that you are able to fulfill every promise you make. You will add to your business reputation and hold your customers. It will not cost as much to run your ad in this paper as you think. It is the persistent advertiser who gets there. Have something in the paper every issue, no matter how small. We will be pleased to quote you our advertising rates, particularly on the year's business.

MAKE YOUR APPEAL



to the public through the columns of this paper. With every issue it carries its message into the homes and lives of the people. Your competitor has his store news in this issue. Why don't you have yours? Don't blame the people for flocking to his store. They know what he has.

The Home Paper Gives you the reading matter in which you have the greatest interest—the home news. Its every issue will prove a welcome visitor to every member of the family. It should head your list of newspaper and periodical subscriptions.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Popular Bakery,

FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUT

CONFECTIONERY

Daily Delivery.

All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Enlarging Your Business

If you are in business and you want to make more money you will read every word we have to say. Are you spending your money for advertising in haphazard fashion as if intended for charity, or do you advertise for direct results?

Did you ever stop to think how your advertising can be made a source of profit to you, and how its value can be measured in dollars and cents. If you have not, you are throwing money away.

Advertising is a modern business necessity, but must be conducted on business principles. If you are not satisfied with your advertising you should set aside a certain amount of money to be spent annually, and then carefully note the effect it has in increasing your volume of business; whether a 10, 20 or 30 per cent increase. If you watch this gain from year to you will become intensely interested in your advertising, and how you can make it enlarge your business.

If you try this method we believe you will not want to let a single issue of this paper go to press without something from your store.

We will be pleased to have you call on us, and we will take pleasure in explaining our annual contract for so many inches, and how it can be used in whatever amount that seems necessary to you.

If you can sell goods over the counter we can also show you why this paper will best serve your interests when you want to reach the people of this community.

JOB PRINTING We can do the finest class of printing, and we can do that class just a little cheaper than the other fellow. Wedding invitations, letter heads, bill heads, sale bills, statements, dodgers, cards, etc., all receive the same careful treatment—just a little better than seems necessary. Prompt delivery always.

A KINDERGARTEN FOR MULES

By MARY K. MAULE

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"MULES," said "Uncle Dan" Boyington, "are like women — they have never been understood."

The statement was received with laughter, but the old horseman bravely held his ground.

"Folks may laugh all they're a mind to," he declared stoutly; "but I've made a study of 'em—mules, I mean—not women—and I am sure there's not one person in a hundred knows anything about the real character of a mule. I know, because for the past 20 years I've made it the business of my life to teach and study horses and mules, and I guess there are not many men in this country that know much more about them than I do."

There was no disputing that, for "Uncle Dan" Boyington, as he is familiarly known throughout the horse and cattle country of the great west, has devoted the best part of his life to teaching and training animals and is now making it his special work to show horse trainers and "bronco busters how they may accomplish their aims in a more thorough, a more scientific, and a more human method, by educating and not breaking the spirit of the animals.

"I have always loved all animals," continued Mr. Boyington, "but the way I first got interested in mules was by watching them when I was head horseman with the Barnum and Bailey circus and seeing the amount of intelligence and good, hard common-sense they brought to bear on their work. Now you may not know it, but an animal has as much what you might call 'system' in his work, as a man. Nearly every one works differently; and it is the man who knows this and who lets them use their own intelligence and judgment that gets the most and the best work out of them. If the contractor who is employing a gang of men stood over them with a whip, and lashed and cursed them every time they lifted a hammer or struck a pick differently from the way he would have done it if he was doing the work, I don't believe he would get ahead very fast with his job; do you? The good boss watches his men and many a time he learns from them how to improve his own methods.

"It's just the same with animals; if you watch those you are working with, many a time they teach you. Now I often noticed how intelligently a mule went at his work—yes, I knew you'd smile at that. But what I mean is that he always seemed to go at it deliberately and in a quiet, determined way, as if he had thought it all out and knew just what he was going to do, and exactly how he was going to do it. Now that is my own method of working, and I got to kind of respecting the mules for it. Often in loading and unloading the circus wagons I've seen a mule use the greatest intelligence, sometimes extricating himself and his load from a difficult or awkward position with far more common-sense and judgment than were shown by his driver.

"After awhile I made up my mind that a mule was not stupid, he was only slow; that he was not obstinate, he was only cautious.

"One night a crowd of us were talking things over, and one of the fellows, a Missourian, made the old comparison about somebody's being 'as dumb as a mule.' I resented it and said right out that mules were not 'dumb,' or stupid either. All the rest of the crowd declared they were, and that got my dander up, and right then and there I put up a hundred dollars and made a bet with the Missourian that I could take a bunch of common work mules, picked up anywhere, young or old, broke or unbroke, and in six months I could drive 'em anywhere I wanted to go without lines, bridle or halter, and have 'em understand every word I said to them.

"Of course the fellows all hooted at that; but I put up the money with the boss, and started right in to pick up my bunch of mules. I'd been intending to get a bunch together anyway and I thought this was a goo time to do it. Well, I picked up my little mules, about 20 of them, all over the country. Some I paid only a few dollars for. Some of 'em were little fellows, scarcely more than colts, others were poor, old, battered creatures, scarred and lamed with years of brutal service and sold off in their old age for a mere song. When the show went into winter quarters I took my little bunch of mules down into the country, and out in a big open pasture I began what I like to call my 'mule school.'

"I had made up my mind before this that mules were intelligent; but nobody was more surprised at the way that bunch developed than I was myself. I've spent my whole life out on the plains, working with and associating with animals—a good deal more than I have with men—and I had by this time thought out a kind of system about the way an animal ought to be taught.

"I believe the first thing a person ought to do in training any animal is to awaken its interest, then its love Then, when your pupil has learned his first and best lesson—trust—you are ready to begin his education. I don't believe in driving an animal to learn. I think all kinds of learning ought to be a pleasure, and I began to teach my little mules by playing with them. They soon grew to like our little games as much as I did and I was simply astonished at how they learned."

"Why," said the visitor who for the first time was visiting the mule school, "that is Froebel's system."

"Whose system? Froebel? Who was he? An animal trainer? Never heard of him. No; I don't know anything about systems or anything like that, all I know is what I studied out from nature. I believe every animal thinks, and the first thing I do after I have got him to love and trust me, is to awaken his intelligence. I believe in letting men, children and animals do their own thinking. I never use a whip in training my animals, and I never scold or shout at them. I tell them what I want, talk to them, show them, pet them, and when they make even an attempt to do what I tell them,, I praise and reward them liberally. The first time your horse or mule puts out his nose to your hand or raises his foot at your command is like the first time your baby picks out the crooked S or the round O—it is the A, B, C of his education.

"When I have shown my pupil how to do a thing once or twice I appeal to his reason. I give him time and let him work the thing out in his own mind. Often I have left the corral after a lesson, and when I returned I would find the mules trying to do by themselves the thing I had been teaching them. You would be surprised how quickly they get the idea. One of the very first things a man who works with animals should find out is that every animal has its own individuality, its own ideas, thoughts, plans and feelings, and that these should be counted upon and respected.

"When a man is training a mule he ought to study its character and dis position. All horses—or mules—can't be taught alike, any more than all children. Some animals need more patience, more care, more time to master their lessons than others. Some, like some children, are backward and diffident, and these have to be cheered, encouraged, petted, praised and rewarded more than others. I am a great believer in rewards, anyway, and always have my pockets full of apples and sugar for my pets. They soon learn to know it, too; why, I have a little mule out there—but perhaps—" with a modest smile, "perhaps you would like to see my mule school?"

When the visitor had given an enthusiastic assent, she was led to a big green pasture where, scattered over its velvety expanse, 20 or 30 mules were grazing quietly.

The professor of this novel school used no bell to call his pupils to their duties. Walking up to the bars he called musically: "Oi-ya, oi-ya, oi-ya," and before the echoes of his voice had died out on the sunny morning air the mules were galloping toward him from every part of the field, kicking up their heels and braying joyfully as they came.

"Now line up there, boys," he said, speaking in a low, pleasant, conversational tone, "and show the lady what fine scholars you are."

The rough, shaggy, long-eared creatures crowded up to the bars, rubbing their heads against the "professor's" shoulder, nipping at his ears, nuzzling his neck, and showing, as plainly as dumb creatures could, how much they loved him.

They were wonderfully intelligent, those plebeian and unlovely little mules, marvelously intelligent at their clever and amusing tricks, their intricate maneuvers, the varied and surprising knowledge they displayed. They marched and counter-marched; drilled as skillfully as a troop of soldiers; counted and spelled; waltzed and polkaed; teetered on a plank; sat up like dogs on their hindquarters, and answered questions by nodding and shaking their funny, shaggy heads; chewed gum in imitation of the young ladies they had seen on the street; pretended to faint, and would not come to until revived with sundry caresses and lumps of sugar; and a multitude of other amusing tricks that made in part the cleverest animal performance it was ever the visitor's fortune to witness.

"But how did you ever accomplish it?" was asked in astonishment, "these are just common, ordinary mules, and yet they display almost human intelligence. I never imagined a mule could learn so much."

"A mule," replied the "professor" with a pleased smile, "knows more than you, or I, or many other people imagine. He not only knows, but he remembers. I could go away now and not see these little fellows for ten years, and at the end of that time if I were to come back they would not only remember me, but they would recollect every one of the tricks I have taught them. It would take me all day, and more, to show you all they know. They learn not only from me, but from one another. When I teach anything to one the rest seem jealous They look on with the greatest attention, and the first thing I know half a dozen are doing the tricks I taught only one; and when I laugh or seem pleased they kick up and gambol about, exactly like a lot of little boys who thought they had done something exceptionally smart.

"I think," he went on presently in a thoughtful tone, "that the world has been overlooking a very useful factor in so misunderstanding the mule. It is my experience that no animal brings more common-sense and intelligence to bear on its work than a mule —if he is only given a chance. A horse and a mule are very differently constituted. A horse is quick, nervous, high-strung, and both acts and comprehends much quicker than a mule. A horse would rush into danger without stopping to investigate, while a mule would not. A horse learns much more quickly, but he also forgets much more quickly than a mule. The reason so many people think the mule stupid and obstinate is because he is cautious and slow to make up his mind. But if you will give him time and let him convince himself a thing is all right, he will never forget it and he will never again hesitate to do that thing or go into that place."

Making the Best of a Good Thing.

When King Edward was last at Cowes the coxswain of his yacht, having been more than usually careful in looking after Queen Alexandra's comfort, was summoned to the royal presence. The queen, presenting the man with a guinea, said:

"Now, my friend, what will you have to drink?"

"Why," please your majesty," says the coxswain, "I am not thirsty."

"But," said her royal highness, "you must have a drink with me. What shall it be, a dram, a glass of grog, or a tumbler of punch?"

"Why," said Jack, "as I am to drink with your royal highness, it wouldn't be good manners to be backward, so I'll take the dram now, and will be taking the glass of grog while your majesty is mixing the tumbler of punch for me."

Rural Innocence.

After showing the old farmer around the college grounds they rested a while on the campus.

"And now," drawled the old man, slowly, "I'd like to see the cattle pen."

"Cattle pen?" asked the guide. in astonishment. "Who ever gave you the idea that there was a cattle pen connected with this college?"

"Why, my son Ezra. He wrote that all the boys up here were buying Boston bulls."

Discrimination.

"Bliggins' baby has beautiful golden locks."

"Then it's a girl," replied Mr. Sirius Barker.

"How do you know?"

"Only girls have golden locks. If it had been a boy you'd say it was red headed."

The KITCHEN CABINET

"JOSH BILLINGS' philosophy: 'We should be keerful how we encurridge luxuries. It is but a step forward from hoe cake to plum puddin', but it's a mile and a half by the nearest road when we have to go back again.'"

Cooking and the Nurse.

Until recently, cookery has not been a part of the training of nurses, and it is one of the most important of subjects. It is not necessary that she know how to differentiate the fine points of a diagnosis; but it is necessary and vital that she should know how to cook an egg properly, prepare a broth, or a piece of toast, knowing the why and the wherefore of the perfect operation.

In convalescence, often there are no medicines prescribed by the physician, the work of building up the system depending wholly upon food administered, so then it becomes a most important part of the nurse's business; the knowing how to prepare and serve foods in an attractive, appetizing manner.

If she boils a steak it should not be a matter of luck; but of scientific accuracy.

We talk too much about having luck in our cookery. There is no such thing. Good luck means knowing how, and when we know how, by meeting the conditions, there is no such thing as bad luck.

A nurse should know much about the composition of foods and what treatment is best suited to each article to render it both palatable and digestible.

The chemistry of foods is a broad and an important subject. It should have a large place in her training as a nurse.

What a blessing she is in our homes. Let us not forget that she is human and needs the rest and comfort that other mortals do.

Veal Loaf.

Grind three pounds of veal and one-half pound of salt pork. Mix with two well-beaten eggs, one cupful of cracker crumbs, two teaspoonfuls of salt, a bit of mace, pepper and allspice, and a tablespoonful of onion juice. Put into a tin or mold, press hard, unmold and pour over it a beaten egg, sprinkle with crumbs and set in a moderate oven and bake two hours. Baste with butter and water.

"SOME one feel dejected, or
'Tis cloudy for a while
The sunshine may come back again
If you or I but smile.
If you should grumble, whine or pout,
Or I should snarl and fret,
A storm would soon be raging that
We should not soon forget."
—Pauline Frances Camp.

The Odoriferous Bulb.

"We come now to the root of the matter."

Something is due to the much despised, often maligned, yet nevertheless wholesome onion. Does it raise them in our estimation when we study their pedigree and find that they belong to the beautiful lily family? Those who tolerate the onion are horrified at the mere mention of garlic in polite society.

The French are fond of garlic, and they also know how to use it wisely. The reason it is so distasteful to many is the wholesale way some cooks have of using it. Garlic should never be anything but a suggestion, and that is the secret of French cookery.

They know how to use a bit of this, a dash of that, in combination so attractive that it is hard to distinguish any one flavor.

Onion, shallot, leek, garlic and chive all belong to the same family.

The chive, shallot, leek and garlic are more commonly used to give flavor to food. The leek and onion are used commonly as a vegetable. Onions are rich in flesh forming elements, are soothing to the mucous membrane and are otherwise medicinal.

To prepare onions for cooking pare them under water and avoid the weeping which they commonly cause.

As a vegetable, onions may be served in a vast number of ways. If one has never eaten an onion roasted, unpeeled, by throwing it into a bed of coals, served with a generous portion of butter, with pepper and salt, there is something yet to try.

Onions fried in pork or bacon fat are considered a great delicacy. It is said that Napoleon's fondness for this dish was the cause of his death.

Coated with fat, as they are when cooked in this way, they are very hard to digest.

Onions fried with sour apples give a variety in serving the vegetable that is generally liked. Cooked tender and served with a white sauce and half a cupful of grated cheese, they make a wholesome dish.

Nellie Maxwell.

No Danger.

Dr. McCree—My dear Mrs. Good man, how could you bring out a young child on such a day as this, with such a strong east wind blowing?

Mrs. Goodman—Ah, doctor, you will always have your little joke. How can a child of this age possibly know what wind it is?—Tit-Bits.

DELAY IS DANGEROUS.

When the kidneys are sick, the whole body is weakened. Aches and pains and urinary ills come, and there is danger of diabetes and fatal Bright's disease. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys and impart strength to the whole system.

Mrs. M. A. Jenkins, Quanah, Texas, says: "I was so badly run down that the doctors told me there was no hope. I was so low my relatives were called in to see me before I died. Different parts of my body were badly swollen and I was told I had dropsy. Doan's Kidney Pills saved my life, and made it worth living."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

WELL, WHY NOT?

Jimmy Crow—Say, maw!
Mrs. Crow—Yes, my son.
Jimmy Crow—If flies can fly, why can't crows crow?

WASTED A FORTUNE ON SKIN TROUBLE

"I began to have an itching over my whole body about seven years ago and this settled in my limb, from the knee to the toes. I went to see a great many physicians, a matter which cost me a fortune, and after I noticed that I did not get any relief that way, I went for three years to the hospital. But they were unable to help me there. I used all the medicines that I could see but became worse and worse. I had an inflammation which made me almost crazy with pain. When I showed my foot to my friends they would get really frightened. I did not know what to do. I was so sick and had become so nervous that I positively lost all hope.

"I had seen the advertisement of the Cuticura Remedies a great many times, but could not make up my mind to buy them, for I had already used so many medicines. Finally I did decide to use the Cuticura Remedies and I tell you that I was never so pleased as when I noticed that, after having used two sets of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills, the entire inflammation had gone. I was completely cured. I should be only too glad if people with similar disease would come to me and find out the truth. I would only recommend them to use Cuticura. Mrs. Bertha Sachs, 1621 Second Ave., New York, N. Y., Aug. 20, 1909."

"Mrs. Bertha Sachs is my sister-in-law and I know well how she suffered and was cured by Cuticura Remedies after many other treatments failed. Morris Sachs, 321 E. 89th St., New York, N. Y., Secretary of Deutsch-Ostrowoer Unt.-Verein, Kempner Hebrew Benevolent Society, etc."

Hopeless.

"Your store is no good, sir! I asked for lace curtains last week, and I couldn't get 'em."

"Indeed?"

"Yes. And I asked for silk socks yesterday, and I couldn't get 'em."

"That's strange."

"And today I asked for credit and can't even get that. Is this a regular store, or what?"

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Or Else Burn.

Andrew Carnegie apropos of his epigram about the disgrace of dying rich said at a dinner in Washington:

"Why should any one die rich? There are no pockets in a shroud, and as for the man who'd like to take his money with him, why, even if he managed to do so, it would only melt."

A Good Butcher.

There's a good butcher in Dayton His clothes, his aprons, his shirts are always so clean and white that people who buy their meats of him know the meat must be clean and good. We don't need to name him right out, but his wife uses Easy Task soap and that cleans butchers' clothes, aprons and linen.

An egotist is a man who is more interested in himself than he is in the tariff question or the price of foodstuffs.

DOCTOR YOURSELF
when you feel a cold coming on by taking a few doses of *Perry Davis' Painkiller*. It is better than Quinine and safer. The large 50c bottles are the cheapest.

It is foolish to be up to date on somebody else's money.

WORTH MOUNTAINS OF GOLD

During Change of Life, says Mrs. Chas. Barclay

Graniteville, Vt. — "I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from nervousness and other annoying symptoms, and I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved worth mountains of gold to me, as it restored my health and strength. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me during this trying period. Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my trouble public so you may publish this letter." — MRS. CHAS. BARCLAY, R. F. D., Graniteville, Vt.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine we know of has such a record of cures of female ills as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For more than 30 years it has been curing female complaints such as inflammation, ulceration, local weaknesses, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration, and it is unequalled for carrying women safely through the period of change of life. It costs but little to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and, as Mrs. Barclay says, it is "worth mountains of gold" to suffering women.

Trial Bottle Free By Mail

FITS

If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, Falling Sickness, Spasms, or have children that do so, my New Discovery will relieve them, and all you are asked to do is to send for a Free Trial $2 Bottle of Dr. May's

Epileptoide Cure

It has cured thousands where everything else failed. Guaranteed by May Medical Laboratory Under Pure Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906 Guaranty No. 18971. Please write for Special Free $2 Bottle and give AGE and complete address

DR. W. H. MAY, 548 Pearl Street, New York.

Please mention this paper. Druggists fill orders.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief--Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion — brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

GENUINE must bear signature :

Brent Good

FREE A Package of "Paxtine" Will Be Sent Free of Charge to Every Reader of this Paper.

PAXTINE
TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

WESTERN CANADA

What Prof. Shaw, the Well-Known Agriculturist, Says About It:

"I would sooner raise cattle in Western Canada than in the corn belt of the United States. Feed is cheaper and climate better for the purpose. Your market will improve faster than your farmers will produce supplies. Wheat can be grown up to the 60th parallel (800 miles north of the International boundary). Your vacant land will be taken at a rate beyond present conception. We have enough people in the United States alone who want homes to take up this land." Nearly

70,000 Americans

will enter and make their homes in Western Canada this year.

1909 produced another large crop of wheat, oats and barley, in addition to which the cattle exports was an immense item.

Cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as lands held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, and good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

H. M. WILLIAMS
Law Building Toledo, Ohio
(Use address nearest you)

If afflicted with sore eyes use **Thompson's Eye Water**

ESTABLISHED, 1866.

Cameron County Press

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Proprietor

ORVILLE PROUDFOOT, Assistant and Manager
RAYMOND KLEES, Assistant Foreman.
W. SCOTT STERNER, Assistant Local Editor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Mrs. B. F. Jones' Gift.

As an expression of her interest in the State's work for the tuberculous poor, Mrs. B. F. Jones, widow of the Pittsburgh steel manufacturer, has offered Health Commissioner Dixon her magnificent cottage and grounds at Cresson. It lies close by the tract of land given the Commonwealth by Andred Carnegie for the Western Sanatorium for tuberculosis.

The cottage which is said to have originally cost about $18,000, is large enough to accommodate at least 20 tuberculous patients and no time will be lost in getting it ready for such occupancy. As the cottage is in good repair this will not take long so that the benefits of the high altitude and healthy climate of Cresson will soon be enjoyed by a number of poor sufferers. In the meantime the Sanatorium buildings on the Carnegie tract will be rapidly pushed forward.

The lot on which the 2½ story Jones' cottage stands is about 100 ft. front and 150 ft. deep. There are in all thirteen bed-rooms in the building most of them large and comfortable, with big bay-windows into which the sun may pour its healing rays. Wide porches almost surround the cottage. Here the patients may sit in their rest chairs enjoying the pure mountaig air and having a view of a surrounding country whose scenic beauty is unsurpassed.

Mrs. Jones' gift to the Commonwealth, like that of Mr. Carnegie, is particularly gratifying in that it shows the complete confidence that exists in the State's campaign against tuberculosis.

Friendly Society.

The Union Friendly Society were very pleasantly entertained last Thursday evening, by Mr. Chas. H. Felt at his home on West Fourth Street. Mr. Felt was assisted in entertaining by Mesdames Grant S. Allen and Helen Metzger. After the business oi the the society was disposed of, the remainder of the evening was turned over for a general good time. During the course of the evening three contests were tried in which Misses Myrtle Gregory, Ruby Heideck and Alma Hertig were successful. The Society are planning a progressive lawn party to take place during the month of June. The next regular meeting of the Society will be held at the home of Miss Anna Welsh, on West Fifth St., Thursday evening, May 19th.

Every family and especially those who reside in the country should be provided at all times with a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment. There is no telling when it may be wanted in case of accident or emergency. It is most excellent in all cases of rheumatism, sprains and bruises. Sold by all dealers.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tabbets assist nature in driving all impurities out of the system, insuring a free and regular condition and restoring the organs of the body to health and strength. Sold by all dealers.

Do you want a real good liver pill, the best made—be sure to get DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are safe, sure and easy to take. Wherever a salve is needed, DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve is the best. DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve is the original—there are many imitations, so be sure that you get what you ask for. It is good for cuts, burns, bruises, scratches, but it is especially good for piles. Sold by all Druggists.

Plants for Sale.

Cabbage and Tomato Plants. Best early standard varieties, grown from Burpee's Seeds. By the dozen or hundred. Apply or drop a card to Jos. E. Eastwood, Climax Farm, Emporium, Pa.

n10tf

Contractor.

The undersigned is prepared to contract for all kinds of brick, stone, concrete and mason work. Having given ten years to the work prior to coming to Emporium, am prepared to give satisfaction. Give me a call.

7-tf. W. H. FLINT.

Pasture For Rent.

Pasture large enough for several head of cattle, in Plank Road Hollow. Apply to John Rutz. 11-1t

For Sale.

Cyphers Incubator and Brooder, new, for sale cheap, or will take hay rake or wagon towards payment. It can be seen at F. D. Leet's store.

Ready for Contracts.

I am now ready to contract for carpenter work, either by job or day Good workmen and reasonable price. Give me a trial. My carpenter shop, on West Fifth street is fitted to handle all repair work. Furniture repaired.

Estimates furnished.

10-tf. A. H. PANTING.

Big Day At Ridgway.

The big celebration at Ridgway on Tuesday under the auspices of McKean-Elk Association was a very great success. The streets were early thronged with Odd Fellows, seven bands of music and thousands of visitors. At least two thousand members were in line. While the great fire on Saturday, destroying a large number of business blocks, residences and factories cast a gloom over the capitol city of Elk, its citizens vied, one with the other, to make the day one long to be remembered.

During the evening Ridgway and Bradford Degree Teams conferred the initiatory and first degrees in a very able as well as pleasant manner, at the opera house, to a large number of the Mystic Chain members. The work of both Ridgway anc Bradford Teams were great, but the beautiful first degree as exemplified by Tuna Valley Lodge we believe cannot be excelled. We only wish every Cameron County Odd Fellow could have witnessed it. Chas E. Crandell, Geo. A. Walker, W. L. Carter, Jacob Troup and ye editor were the only Emporium members present, but we were all glad we were there.

Ridgway may well be proud of their successful anniversary celebration.

***

We reviewed the scene of the great conflagration Saturday, that destroyed nearly half a million dollars worth of property. While the loss falls heavy on many, in the not far future Ridgway will be glad of it and wish the demon might have gone a little farther. The Borough Council, like Emporium, has now framed an ordinance establishing a fire limit, thereby forbidding the erection of other than brick, cement or stone structures.

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Another Cameron county boy has "made good." B. E. Smith, formerly of Sterling Run, who is manager of the great department store of Hall, Kaul and Hyde, one of the greatest enterprises in Ridgway has made a wonderfnl change for good in this great store. His management, we are told, has rapidly increased the firm's business and certainly the beautifully arranged establishment again proves that the country lads make the most successful promoters of huge enterprises.

***

Ridgway is a beautiful city and contains many handsome business blocks, scores of beautiful residences, great wealth and an enrerprising class of citizens. They evidently do not believe in piling up wealth without boosting the town. Its handsome churches, hospital, residences, opera house, Y. M. C. A. Block, substantially built industries, plainly tells the class of men placed at the helm of industry and progress. Other towns can learn something, we think, by following the example of Ridgway's live business men.

H. H. M.

Testing Our Soils.

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 25, 1910.

The report on the soil survey of Northwestern Pennsylvania has just been issued by the Bureau of Soils, U. S. Department of Agriculture, and is now ready for distribution. This work was undertaken in 1908 and was in charge of Messrs. Henry J. Wilder and Gustavus B. Maynadier, of the Bureau of Soils, assisted by Mr. Charles F. Shaw, of the Pennsylvania State College Agricultural Experiment Station.

This soil survey is the first step towards taking stock of the possibilities of the soils and agriculture of the great Appalachian mountaion and plateau region, which is so typically represented in the State of Pennsylvania that this section was selected for the pioneer work. The results of the soil survey have brought out the features of the topography, of soil distribution, and of agricultural development, which have been briefly set forth in the repnt. The report also includes a statement of the climatic conditions to be found in the region, a discussion of the various adaptations of the different soils described to different crops, and a brief summary of the methods by which agricultural efficiency may be increased and agricultural values improved in the section covered.

The work thus begun in 1908 was continued in the field season of 1909 by a similar reconnoissance soil survey of the southwestern counties of Pennsylvania, and the report upon the later work is in process of preparation for publication. The colored maps which accompany these reports give an accurate presentation on the scale of four miles to the inch of all of the major facts of geography, classification and location of soils, and of transportation facilities for the region covered.

These reports are prepared by the Department of Agriculture for the information of all citizens of the United States, and copies may be secured by writing to the Bureau of Soils, Washington, D. C., simply requesting that a copy be sent to interested persons.

Diarhoea should be cured without loss of time by medicines which like Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy not only cures promptly but produces no unpleasant after effects. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by all dealers.

The Monroe County, N. Y., Election.

The result of the Congressional election in Monroe county, New York, admits of a merely personal explanation. In spite of the advantages which he derived from his control of the Republican organization in the county, Geo. W. Aldridge, who was defeated by a plurality of nearly six thousand votes in a district which ordinarily gives large Republican majorities, was about the weakest candidate who could have been placed in nomination, says the Philadelphia Enquirer. He was the recognized representative of an element in the politics of New York against which the sentiment of the State is at this time in hot revolt. He had openly disparaged and opposed the methods and policies of which Governor Hughes is the popular and influential and successful advocate, and he had been smirched by the disclosures of legislatures crookedness and official corruption which have lately shocked the moral sense of an aroused and indignant community. It was testified in the course of a recent investigation that he had received money for an undisclosed purpose from the lobbying agent of the fire insurance companies and after he had confessed having done so it was not expected that the voters to whom he appealed would be reassured and propitiated by his assertion that no dollar of it had gone into his own pocket, but that it had all been paid into the party treasury.

Rightly or wrongly he was identified with the indefensible system under which such practices prevailed as the people are now determined to suppress an when he announced his candidacy for election to the House of Representatives from the thirty-second New York district. It was felt that his case was that of one whom the gods wishing to destroy first make mad. Trusting, no doubt, to the efficiency of the organization of which he is the head and to the normal magnitude of the Republican majority in the district, he deliberately undertook to defy the lightning that was playing all around him and it is no occasion for surprise that he has now fallen beneath the stroke which he so recklessly invited. Whatever may be his character and abilities, however great may be the resources at his command, no man can run counter to the predominant trend of public feeling, can place himself on the unpopular side of a moral issue, without exposing himself to certain and condign disaster, and the mere fact that Aldridge was defeated by a decline of 14,048 in the Republican vote and an increase of 1750 in the Democratic vote as compared with the figures for 1908, would not in itself possess any more than a local and personal significance.

If that were all it would not be necessary to go far afield honestly and intelligently to account for what has happened. It is, however, impossible not to associate this Rochester election with other elections which have taken place within the past year at which the Republicans have suffered similarly serious reverses, and nothing is to be gained by affecting to ignore or seeking to belittle the unfavorable interpretation to which from this point of view the Rochester incident is susceptible. It must be construed as another indication that for various reasons a large number of people are dissatisfied with existing conditions and that, as always happens under similar circumstances, they are inclined to visit their displeasure on the party in power and to hold it responsible for everything in the situation that displeases them. That is what occurs in the same case the world over and there is nothing for the Republicans to do but to keep right on fulfilling to the best of their ability the pledges embodied in the platform on which they carried the country at the last general election.

Political reactions take place from time to time in the natural course of events with little or without any regard for the deservings of the party against which they are directed. One is about due now, and if it is on the road there is nothing in the power of mortals to achieve that would serve to stay its course. It is easy to assign this and the other reason for the dissatisfaction that prevails. We are told that the chief trouble is with the tariff. Well, the tariff is as good a tariff as ever was framed. It has proved a splendid revenue producer, and under its protection the manufacturing industries of the country are enjoying a full measure of prosperity. There is nothing the matter with the tariff, nothing for which Republicans have the least occasion to apologise, but the truth is that there comes a time when the community grows discontented. It has permitted itself to entertain expectations impracticable to realize when it feels like complaining it is never at a loss for something to complain about. If it had'nt been the tariff it would have been something else and whatever the tariff might have been it would have been the same thing.

As for the increase in the cost of living, which is unquestionably at the bottom of much of the restlessness which the election returns exhibit, the Republican party has no more to do with that than the man in the moon, and it can do no more than that mythical personage to keep prices down. These rise and fall in conformity with the law of supply and demand and all the attempts made throughout the ages to control them by legislation have utterly failed. But people when they are incensed must have something to kick and the party in power is always the first thing handy. How matters are to be helped by sending Democrats to Congress it might puzzle those who vote that way to explain, but that is beside the point, for it is a condition, not a theory, that confronts us. There are times when it is of no more use reasoning with the electrate than it is to argue with an angry woman, and this appears to be one of those occasions; but as the ancient philosopher remarked. This, too, will pass.

There is no cough medicine so popular as Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails to cure coughs, colds, croup and bronchitis, Sold by The Emporium Drug Company.

Scientific Farming.

Continuing its efforts to stimulate interest in scientific farming, the Pennsylvania R. R., has just issued a pamphlet entitled "The Pennsylvania Railroad and The Farmer." This booklet tells of the various things the railroad is doing to create traffic by co-operating with the farmer.

The Pennsylvania Railroad began its agricultural campaign three years ago when it operated its first agricultural train. Since that time it has run educational trains and steamboats on practically all its lines. It has distributed farming literature, established experimental farms, and undertaken the education of its agents along agricultural lines.

The pamphlet which the Pennsylvania has just issued, in summing up the work the Company is doing, has the following conclusions:

"What does it all mean to the Railroad? It means there will be more fertilizers to haul, more farm implements, more raw material from which these tools are made, more crops to haul, and more passengers to carry; it means that the Railroad will be doing its duty to the public, to its stockholders in the intelligent exercise of its initiative, and, when reduced to a finality, that the Railroad is performing its share of the work which must be done by the newly-formed partnership, Railroad and Farmer, if agricultural communities are to progress and prosper."

Popular Magazine.

The May issue of the COLUMBIAN MAGAZINE opens with a very complete review of present conditions at Panama by Gerald Mygatt, special correspondent of the COLUMBIAN, sent to Panama to get the exact truth in regard to the canal. Mr. Mygatt's article, which is fully illustrated, has never been equalled in its thorough grasp of the subject, and its abundant evidence that the Canal is worth all that it is costing the American people, that it is rapidly progressing toward completion, and that, when complete, it will fulfill the most optimistic expectations as to its utility and its absolute security from destruction or serious impairment in war or from natural causes. Every American who feels a patriotic pride in that great American undertaking should read Mr. Mygatt's admirable pen-picture of the Panama Canal. In view of the meeting of the Farmer's Union in May the article by Senator McCumber, of North Dakota, "West Warns East," in May COLAMBIAN, is worthy of careful reading and study. It presents the contrast between the city worker and the farmer in a vivid and interesting, and, it may be also said, a novel light. Under the heading, "World's Greatest Philanthrophy," the regarding the Rockefeller Foundation, so far as known, are given, with portraits of Mr. and Mrs. Rockefeller, Jr., also of the General Education Board. Madame Nordica discusses with almost fiery logic the wrongs of her sex. Albert Ellery Bergh has a timely and attractive article, copiously illustrated, on the Actors' Fund Fair. Mr. Frank Farrell, president of the American League Club, writes interestingly under the heading "Play Ball,' about the game he so well understands, and Henry Ellsworth, the noted authority on Oberammergau, has another of his profusely illustrated and original articles on "Passion Play," and the people of the quaint Bavarian Village in which this mediaeval performance is presented every tenth year--May 11 being the date of the first performance this year, continuing through June, July, August and September. "A Woman's Way," and "The Yellow Crayon," serials by Sommerville and Oppenheim, respectively; early summer fashions, short stories, bright, humorous, and pathetic, original and snappy book criticisms by Davenport, seasonable and charming verse, and editorials on up-to-date topics, complete the May COLUMBIAN.

The Delineator For May.

An article of vital interest to every woman is "The Day of the Woman," by Prof. Charles Zueblin, in the DELINEATOR for May. It goes to the bottom of the phase of life which sends a woman into the commercial world, and advances some new ideas that are worth turning over many times. "The New Housekeeping," after pointing out that many of the present-day wife's cooking utensils were used in prehistoric ages, outlines all that is new in the kitchen. "The Widow of an American Diplomatist" goes to Rome in this issue with her bright charm and way of seeing things. Rupert Hughes has a splendid article on "What everybody Ought to Know About Music." The fiction is by Annie Hamilton Donnell, Kate Jordan, Mary Stewart Cutting and Theodosia Garreson, which is enough to be said for any magazine. The three fashion authorities, Clara Simcox, Edouard La Fontaine and Helen Berkeley-Lloyd, outline the very latest in the world ruled by Dame Fashion. The DELINEATOR for May is both entertaining helpful.

For Sale.

Full-blooded Rhode Island Red Eggs. Setting, 14 eggs, 75c.

F. V. HEILMAN

Surprising Facts About the Patent Medicine Business.

"The Fourth Estate" has been warning publishers about the risk in allowing credit to new medicine concerns. It is said that there have been only one or two of the thousands of new proprietory medicine houses have made any considerable money that have started the past twenty years and only a very few more that have met with even moderate success. It is the general impression that the business is immensely profitable while the facts are that there is a larger percentage of failures than in any other line. The new concerns usually start with lots of confidence in the merit of their goods and advertising but soon exhaust their capital leaving dealers who have stocked their medicines with unsalable goods on their shelves. It is the experience of many publishers that have accepted this new business that they have been compelled to charge off their bills to profit and loss.

There are many old and reliable medicine houses that continue to do a good or increasing business from year to year but the new ones are finding it more and more difficult to become established.—Des Moines Capital.

The Long Suit of Mail Order Houses.

A civil action brought against Sears, Roebuck & Co., the Chicago mail-order house, by a Western manufacturer of gasolene engines, yields a vivid glimpse into the characteristic mail-order methods.

Among other things which Sears, Roebuch & Co. sell "at wholesale prices" is a well-known make of stationary engine. The manufacturer of these engines sued the concern because it insisted upon listing them at a higher horse power than they really were. The 2½ horse power engine they would list as 3, and a 4-horse power as 5. The motive was that by this fraud an extra profit of $15 to $20 could be secured on each engine. Added to this accusation was another that Sears, Roebuck & Co. had tried to persuade the manufacturer himself to do the same thing.

Thus mis-represented, the engines did not make good and their reputation suffered. The manufacturer sued and got $10,000 damages. Sears, Roebuck & Co. got a new trial, but on the second trial the verdict was $13,750. Again they obtained a re-trial and now the case is to have a third hearing. Let us all hope the recovery this time will be $20,000!

The average mail-order house lives by exaggerations and misrepresentations. Force it to tell the truth about its goods and in one year it will be out of business.

For Dyspepsia

You Risk Nothing By Trying This Remedy.

We want everyone troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia to come to our store and obtain a box of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets. They contain Bismuth-Subnitrate and Pepsin prepared by a process which develops their greatest power to overcome digestive disturbance.

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets are very pleasant to take. They soothe the irritable, weak stomach, strengthen and invigorate the digestive organs, relieve nausea and indigestion, promote nutrition and bring about a feeling of comfort.

If you give Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets a reasonable trial we will return your money if you are not satisfied with result. Three sizes, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00. Remember you can obtain Rexall Remedies in Emporium only at our store—The Emporium Drug Store.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of Kidney and bladder trouble not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more. Sold by the Emporium Drug Co.

It's Your Kidneys.

Don't Mistake The Cause of Your Troubles. An Emporium Citizen Shows How to Cure Them.

Many people never suspect their kidneys. If suffering from a lame, weak or aching back, they think that it is only a muscular weakness; And so it is with all the other symptoms of kidney disorders. That is just where the danger lies. You must cure these troubles or they may lead to diabetes or Bright's disease. The best remedy to use is Doan's Kidney Pills. It cures all ills which are caused by weak or diseased kidneys. Emporium people testify to permanent cures.

G. F. Bacon, Sixth Street, Emporium, says: "For about three years I have used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Taggart's Drug store and have found them to be a reliable remedy. I would not recommend this preparation if I did not have the strongest faith in its curative powers."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Life Not Worth Living.

Don't say life is not worth living. Take Sexine Pills and then when you feel the new life coursing through your veins you will feel a new interest in living. Sexine Pills are sold by R. C. Dodson, druggist, Emporium, Pa., where they sell all the principal remedies and do not substitute. Price $1 a box; six boxes $5. Full guarantee.

Good results always follow the use of Foley's Kidney Pills. They give prompt relief in all cases of Kidney and bladder trouble, are healing, strenthening and anti-septic. Try them. Sold by the Emporium Drug Co.

Watch For The Comet,

The Red Dragon of the sky. Watch the children for spring coughs and colds. Careful mothers keep Foley's Honey and Tar in the house. It is the best and safest prevention and cure for croup where the need is urgent and immediate relief a vital necessity. Contains no opiates or harmful drugs. Refuse substitutes. Sold by the Emporium Drug Co.

There isn't anything that you can take for stomach trouble, indigestion, dyspepsia, sour stomach and gas on the stomach, better than Kodol. Kodol relieves promptly, it digests all the food that you eat. Try Kodol today on our guarantee. It is pleasant to take. Sold by all dealers.

The Sound Sleed of Good Health.

The restorative power of sound sleep can not be estimated and any ailment that prevents it is a menace to health. J. L. Southers, Eau Claire, Wis., says,—"For a long time I have been unable to sleep soundly at nights, because of pains across my back and soreness of my kidneys. My appetite was very poor and my general condition was much run down. I have been taking Foley's Kidney Pills but a short time and now sleep as sound as a rock. I eat and enjoy my meals, and general condition is greatly improved. I can honestly recommend Foley's Kidney Pills as I know they have cured me." Sold by Emporium Drug Co.

Warning

All persons are hereby forbidden from trespassing upon the property of this Company without a permit from this office, or the Manager at the works.
KEYSTONE POWDER MFG. CO.
Emporium, Pa., August 1st 1903

Latest Popular Music.

Miss May Gould, teacher of piano fort has received a full line of the latest and most popular sheet music. All the popular airs. Popular and classical music. Prices reasonable.

44-tf.

WANTED

At once. Men to represent us, either locally or traveling. Now is the time to start. Money in the work for the right men. Apply at once and secure territory.
ALLEN NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y
10-4m.

Consignments of New Goods

are coming in fast these days. Now it's a brand new line of shirts, with plain and plaited fronts, cuffs attached and detached. More than a dozen handsome patterns. Don't fail to see them.

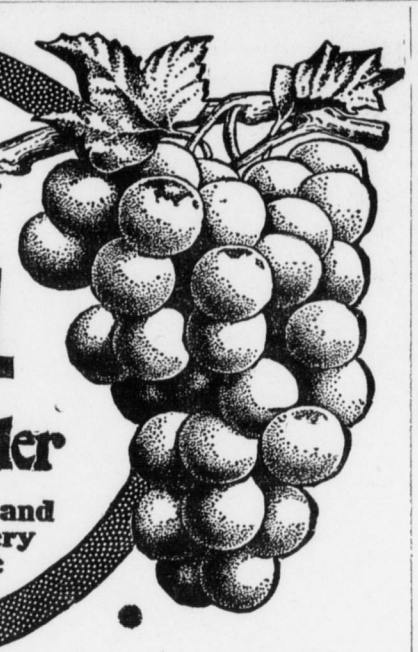
Home of Hart, Shaffner & Marx Clothes

Jasper Harris,

The People's Clothing House
Opposite Post Office, EMPORIUM, PA.

Absolutely Pure

Grapes— delicious, healthful— give the most valuable ingredient, the active principle, to



ROYAL
Baking Powder

Insures wholesome and delicious food for every day in every home

NO ALUM

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. Tell us what you would like to see in this department, and how by postal card, letter or personally.

Miss Ellen Auchu spent Sunday with friends at Renovo

Mrs. Lawrence Fisk, is spending the week with relatives at St Marys.

Edward Hughes, was a business caller at Olean, the last of the week.

E. S. Randolph, was a business caller at Renovo, on Tuesday between trains.

Hon. N. P. Minard was a pleasant PRESS office caller last Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Ethel Waddington has been visiting Olean friends during the past week.

Paul S. Smith, of St. Marys, was a business caller at this place, the last of the week.

R. C. Moore and wife are spending a few days guests of relatives at Sheffield and Warren.

We notice Hon. J. C. Johnson was registered at Hotel Walton, Philadelphia, on Sunday.

Mrs. Chas. Jones was called to Keating Summit last Friday, by the serious illness of her sister.

H. C. Olmsted, of Bradfoad, made his regular business trip to this place on Tuesday and Wednesday.

The Misses Sylvia Krise and Frances Farnum attended the ice cream social at West Creek, Saturday evening.

W. J. Merry, wife and son, of this place, were guests of friends at Portville, N. Y., the last of the week.

William Robinson, one of our highly respected colored citizens, is confined to his home with an attack of quinsy.

Miss "Doll" Hogan returned home last Friday, after spending the winter, guest of her sister at Binghamton, N. Y.

A. B. Brewer, of DuBois, representing the I. C. S., made his regular monthly business trip to this place, last Friday.

Messrs. Robert Mills and William Micheltree, of Keating Summit, called on friends at this place, last Tuesday afternoon.

Prof. and Mrs. C. E. Plasterer were business callers at DuBois, last Saturday and Sunday, and renewed acquaintances.

Grover Wiggins has resigned his position as operator at Howard Siding, and has returned to his home at Phillipsburg, Pa.

Charles Newton is confined to his home on Wood Street, by an attack of typhoid fever. Dr. W. H. Bush is the attending physician.

Lewis Battles was called to Washington, D. C., last Tuesday, to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. Amanda Payton. He returned home on Friday.

Mrs. W. L. Sykes and daughters, Misses Ruth and Grace, of Buffalo, N. Y., were guests at the Walker home on West Fourth street for a few days last week.

John Coyle and family have moved from the Cramer flat on Cherry street to the flat over the store of Mrs. E. S. Coppersmith, on Fourth street. The "flitting" took place on Wednecday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Jones, who have been guests of the latter's mother, Mrs. Tanzie Harbet and family, returned to their home at Taylor, Pa., this (Thursday) morning. They were accompanied home by Mrs. B. A. Bathuram, who will spend a short time with them.

Miss Nellie Piper and brother Master Will, children of Mr. and Mrs. John Piper, of this place, were business callers at the PRESS office on Tuesday afternoon. Master Will has a clean record in the schools of Emporium having been present every day for the entire term.

Rev. J. F. Anderson, editor and publisher of the Central Pennsylvania Conference Minutes, has completed the work of publishing and distributing the Minutes, of 1910, and after an absence of more than two weeks, has returned to take up the work of his pastorate with the First Methodist Church.

Mrs. Ed. White who has been confined to her bed the past two weeks with an attack of appendicitis is able to be about again, we are pleased to note.

Miss Christy MacDonald departed for Pittsburg, this (Thursday) morning, where she will visit relatives and friends for a short time.

Miss Charlotte Spence and Mr. Arthur V. Orton went to Castle Garden, this morning to conduct a Sunday School Rally at that place.

J P. McNarney visited at Washington, D. C., over Sunday, returning to Emporium on Wednesday.

Mrs. Wm. Deitzler returned to her home at Bradford, Pa., last Sunday, after spending a week guest of her parents, Hon. and Mrs. F. X. Blumle and family.

Bible Class Social.

The Bible Class of Emmanuel Episcopal Church held its regular monthly social at the Parish House on Wednesday evening. Dancing and card playing were the chief past-times of the evening A short musical program was rendered during the course of the evening. Misses Florence Faucette, Jennie Craven and Martha Burns served the refreshments. About seventy-five people were present and all heartily enjoyed the evening.

Give Them The Glad Hand.

The Buffalo Business Men's Association, over one hundred in number, will arrive in Emporium to-morrow, (Friday) at 10:30 a. m. Let us give them the "glad hand,"

Hip Dislocated.

On Tuesday afternoon, between the hours of two and three, John Tutack, teamster for Penn Vitrified Brick Co., at the works, went over an embankment, driver, horse and wagon, dislocating Mr. Tutack's left hip. Dr. W. H. Bush, who was called, reports the man doing well.

Kicked By a Horse.

The PRESS has been informed that Mr. Tony Seigfried of this place was kicked in a very serious manner in the face, by a horse, last Sunday afternoon. We have been unable to obtain the particulars of the matter, but hope Mr. S. will have a speedy recovery, from his accident.

Away For A Time.

Jos. Burnett, the very efficient Supt. of Keystone Powder Co., this place, has gone to Grafton, Ill., to take charge of the Illinois Powder Co., until a new man can be secured to take A. D. Ericsson's position, the latter having returned to Sweden. Mr. Burnett is a valuable man and a good citizen, as well as a jolly good fellow.

Injured in Woods.

Mr. Walter Granger was seriously injured on Wednesday, while cutting ties in C B. Howard & Company's woods. In company with another man they were engaged in the above mentioned occupation, when the ax slipped and flew a distance of fifteen feet, striking Mr. Granger on the head, inflicting a bad wound. The injured man was brought to the office of Dr. R. P. Heilman, where the wound was dressed, after which he was taken to the home of his sister, Mrs. Housler, on West Allegany Avenue. The young man is in a serious condition, but it is hoped that he will fully recover.

The Churches.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

REV. J. F. ANDERSON, Pastor.

Class meeting 9:30; preaching by the pastor at 10:30 a. m.; and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school 11:45 a. m.; Epworth League at 6:39 p. m.

***

EMMANUEL CHURCH.

J. M. ROBERTSON, Rector.

May 1, Fifth Sunday after Easter:—10:30 a. m., Holy Communion and Sermon.

12:00 m., Sunday School.

7:30 p. m., Evening Prayer and Confirmation service. Sermon by Bishop Whitehead. Offering for Bishop's Charity Fund.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Services at the Presbyterian for the next two Sundays, by the Rev. W. J. Arney, of Pottsville, Pa. Services will be conducted both morning and evening.

A Shot That Made Trouble.

An odd incident happened in the then Danish West Indies in the last century that nearly caused serious international complications. An American marksman, paying a visit to Charlotte Amalia, amused the governor by an exhibition of his skill with the rifle Sitting on the veranda of the government house, he said that he could cut with a bullet the signal halyards on the flagstaff of the fort and lower the Danish standard to the ground. As the lines were almost invisible in the distance the governor was willing to bet that he could not do it. The shot rang out, and the flag fell. Presently a horseman dashed up, informing the governor that some one had fired on the flag. There was great excitement The governor, none too popular, it seems, with the military, ruined his political future by admitting that the affair was a joke in which he connived. Report being sent to Copenhagen, highly colored, of course, by the commandant, his excellency was summarily removed.

Cultivating Ginger.

Ginger is made a matter of scientific culture in Jamaica. It is propagated by cutting up small pieces of the root, and, if possible, rich, cool soil from recently cleared woods is selected for it. It is a great impoverisher of the soil and grows so luxuriantly that in a short time a little piece of root will spread so as to produce nearly a pound of new roots. The sets are planted in March or April and get to their full growth about September. The roots are dug usually in Jamaica in January or February. They are washed, exposed to the sun until thoroughly dried and packed in parcels of about a hundred pounds each. In order to dry them more rapidly they are first scalded in a little copper pot in order to destroy life, of which the roots are very tenacious. White ginger and black ginger are from the same roots, the difference arising from methods of curing. Roots for sugar preserving are dug while quite young, before the stems are more than five or six inches high.

A Luckless Word.

Superstition dies hard, at least in the north of England. On Tyneside it is reckoned highly unlucky to hear or mention the word "pig," and evil consequences can only be averted by touching cold iron. If that material is not at hand its name must be uttered aloud as the next best thing.

It is no uncommon thing to see a group of sailors or workmen suddenly scatter to lay hold of iron railings, lampposts, etc., when by chance "pig" has slipped into their conversation.

A stranger to the district was not long ago puzzled to see four little shoeblacks, squatted at a game of cards on their blacking box, suddenly scramble to their feet, run to some iron posts several yards away, touch them and then return and resume their game quite unconcernedly. When he obtained an explanation his amusement equaled his astonishment. The origin of the superstition seems to be unknown.—London Scraps.

Uses Animals Make of Their Tails.

Horses, cows and other creatures use their tails as fly flappers. Cats, squirrels and many more twist them around their necks for comforters. The rat has raised the use of the tail to a fine art, for by its means it guides the blind and steals jelly, oil and cream out of jars and bottles. The macaco plays as merrily with its tail as a kitten does, and the marmoset while it sleeps uses its tail as a sort of blanket. The raccoon catches crabs with its tail. Every one knows how the monkeys journey through pathless forests by swinging from tree to tree, while the fishes steer their way through the water by their tail fins. The ant eater puts up its big bushy tail for an umbrella. The vanity of the peacock is fed by the beauty of its tail.—Dumb Animals.

Exact Information.

A census enumerator was questioning a woman of indubitable Celtic extraction and had come to the division of sexes.

"How many males have you in your family?" he asked.

"Three a day, sorr, an' I git 'um mesilf," she replied emphatically.

Commandery Meeting.

Dr. S. S. Smith and H. S. Lloyd, of this place, went to Ridgway to-day to attend a meeting of the Knapp Commandery.

Eggs.

Choice thorough-bred White Wyndotte eggs for sale. 75c a setting of fourteen. LULA J. LEWIS,
10-3t. Sterling Run, Pa.

What Women Are For.

"Every good woman, if I may call myself one, turns the men she cares for round her little finger, and it's the men who are worth most in life who submit most readily to the process. Do you know why God created angels? It was to whisper good thoughts to women. Do you know why he created women? It was to whisper good thoughts to men."—Inner Shrine.

MANY GRIP VICTIMS

Just now many grip victims are troubled by an obstinate cough. Dodson's White Pine and Spruce will positiveiy relieve that particular after grip hacking.

Dodson's Drug Store.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

A Successful Bread Making

by one inexperienced in the art deserves cordial congratulations, but failure never comes if the Emporium Roller Mills flour is used with common sense methods; therefore if you would always have sweet, light, flakey, perfect bread with that delicious nutty flavor use this flour.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., April 22, 1910.

NEMOPHILA, per sack		$1 65
Felt's Fancy,	"	1 70
Pet Grove,	"	1 70
Roller Meal	"	50
Rye	"	75
Graham,	"	85
Buckwheat,	"	75
Buckwheat, 10 lb sack,		30
Coarse Meal per 100,		1 50
Chop Feed,	"	1 50
Cracked Corn per 100		1 50
White Middlings,		1 65
Bran,		1 50
Chicken Wheat	"	2 00
Screenings	"	1 50
Oil Meal	"	2 00
Corn per bushel,		84
White Oats, per bushel,		57
Seed Oats,	"	60
Oyster Shells, per 100		75
Sterling Chick Feed		2 00
Sterling Scratch Feed		1 90
Daisy Dairy Feed,		1 50
Calf Meal, 50lb bag		1 50
Mammoth Clover Seed, per bu.		9 50
Medium Clover Seed,	"	9 50
Alsyke Clover Seed,	"	9 50
Timothy Seed,	"	2 75
German Millet Seed,	"	2 25

Things You Don't Want

are those household pests such as bedbugs, roaches, water bugs, fleas, etc., but you do want our insecticide, destroyers and exterminators that are sure preventives and will clear your kitchens, pantrys and bedrooms of such undesirable parasites. The goods we recommend we know are easy to use, and we guarantee them to be satisfactory. Only at the

EMPORIUM DRUG CO.
THE NEW STORE.

Chapnelle Olive Oil An absolutely pure article with a perfectly delicious flavor, extracted from the choicest French Olives and sealed under the supervision of the French "Laboratorie Officiel". 25c, 50c, 75c bottles; ½ Gal cans $1.75

MEXICAN STYLE TAMOLES CAN 15c

DAY'S
The Satisfactory Store

BUTTER EGGS, CHEESE Best Grades

Notable Kitchen Specialties

There is more real comfort in a well furnished kitchen than there is in a well furnished parlor. Our stock comprises articles too numerous to mention in our space. Come in and let us show you.

Special this week, Friday and Saturday

25lb bag Best Granulated Sugar $1.50.
12c cans "Peerless" Evaporated Milk 10c.
Reymers Fresh Chocolate Drops lb 17c.
Fine old American Cream Cheese, 20c lb.
Choice Mackerel, fresh tub lb 14c.
20c bottle Queen Olives 15c.
20c Blended Coffee the lb. 18c.
Best Standard Tomatoes 3 cans for 25c.
Three 10c pkges Snow Boy Washing Powder 25c
25c can Burnham's Clam Chowder, 22c.
20c Bottle Household Ammonia 18c
Dunham's Shredded Cocoanut, lb 35c.

Exceptional Values in odds and ends to clean up. 15c Heinz Tomato Ketchup, India Relish Mustard Dressing, Apple Butter 10c. 25c Heinz Sour Spiced Gherkins, Mandalay Sauce 15c. Heinz 35c Tobasco sauce 20c.
12c Glasses, assorted Jelly 9c. 10c cans Potted Ham, Mock Turtle Soup 7c.
12c package Pancake Flour, 3 for 25c.
20c cans White Cherries 15c.

Fresh Caught Lake Fish. LEAVE ORDERS EARLY for DELIVERY FRIDAY A M

You Get Better Values Here.

J. H. DAY,

Phone 6. Emporium.

Millinery

Suits. Coats and Shirt Waists

Shirt Waist time is here and every lady wants them pretty. We have just secured a fine display of waists, that will satisfy the ladies fully in the matter of quality and looks.
Our Millinery Department is just teeming with the latest creations in the Millinery art. You are cordially invited to call and examine our entire stock.

MRS. E. S. COPPERSMITH.

If you have anything to be printed bring it to this office.

THE EDGE OF HAZARD

PICTURES BY A. WEIL

BY GEORGE HORTON

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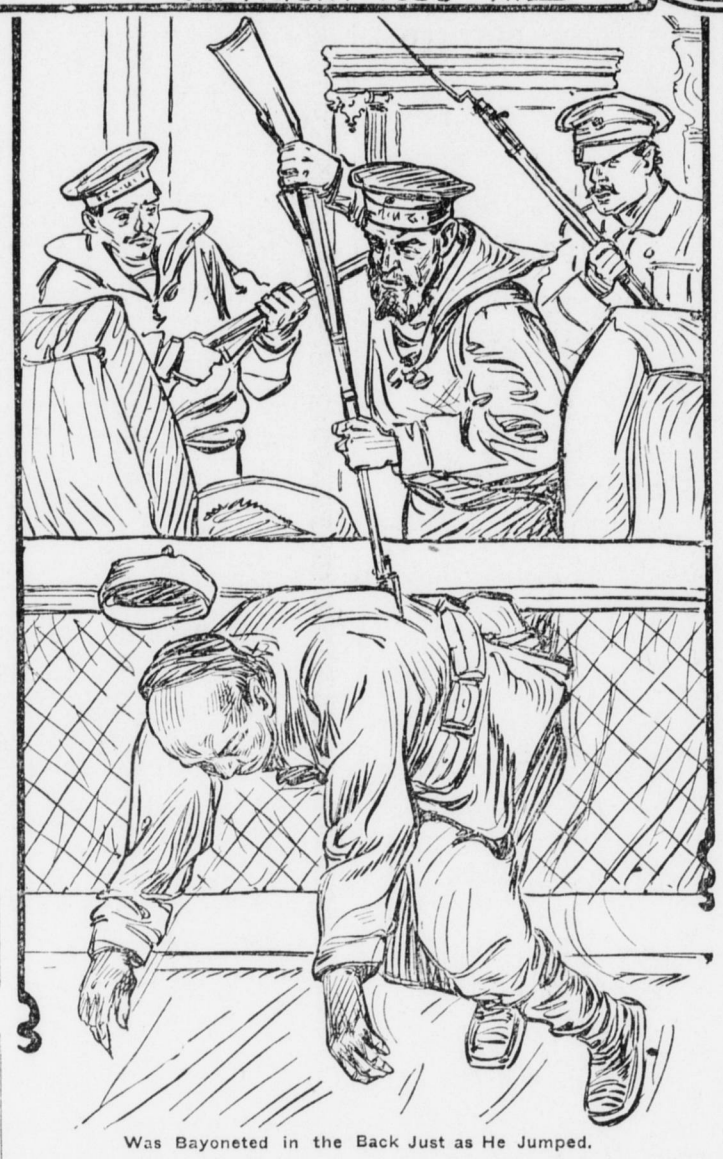


Was Bayoneted in the Back Just as He Jumped.

SYNOPSIS.

Frederick Hardy, a fashionable Boston society man, lost his wealth, was jilted by a girl and sent by a friend to take charge of an American Trading Company store in Russia. On his journey through Japan he met Stapleton Neville, supposedly an Englishman. They agreed to go together to Russia. Because of suspicious circumstances they were several times molested by the Japanese. Hardy was arrested and found upon his person were papers showing maps of Jap forts. Hardy was proven guiltless. On a train he met Aisome Sano, daughter of a Jap merchant. In Neville's shoes Jap found pictures of forts, proving him to be a Russian spy. Hardy departed for Russia on a steamer, which was wrecked shortly afterward. He was rescued by a Rusisan steamer. On reaching Vladivostok he was well treated. He started for Siberia, meeting Princess Romanovna on the train. Hardy boarded a vessel for Amur. Hardy showed the princess his expertness as a rifle shot. The steamer was stranded. The princess and her maid were attacked by Chinese. Hardy saved their lives. The princess thanked Hardy for his heroism. Manchurians fired upon the craft. Hardy slew their chief. Burning arrows were hurled upon the Pushkin's decks. An attempt was made to board the vessel.

CHAPTER XVI—Continued.

There were four of the crew, besides the captain, all armed with rifles to which bayonets had been affixed by the general's order. Add to these Smulders, the general himself, Hardy and three Bouriats, and the defending party consisted of 11 members. Brave Stenka Pugacheff of the crew had gone down the river for help, and the attack had been delivered so suddenly that there was no time to call Romanoff, who was sleeping below. Indeed, it is doubtful if, at that moment of extreme excitement, anybody thought of him.

The Chinese were receiving a murderous and unlooked-for reception, but they were not to be easily beaten off. Several of them gained the deck and began to swing their clumsy, two-handed swords, and the clash of steel on steel rang out amid savage grunts, snarls and cries of rage. The Cossack crew and the Bouriats fought like devils, leaping and darting about with the agility of wildcats and handling their more modern weapons with murderous dexterity and skill.

A man never knows what sort of man he is still a supreme trial comes to him. The American found himself cool. His faculties were all at a state of extremest tension, with the result that he could see and hear better, think faster and decide more quickly than in ordinary moments. He took his revolver from his pocket and ran lightly toward a Manchurian who was just throwing one leg over the rail. He fired at the head of the man, who fell back into the water with a loud splash, dropping his sword on the deck. Another leaped over the rail almost at his side, and, swinging his great steel blade high in the air, chopped at Hardy's head. The latter threw up his rifle and received the blow on the barrel. The impact brought him to his knees, but, as he sank, he shot his assailant beneath the chin, killing him instantly.

At this moment a blazing arrow passed over him and stuck in one of the cotton-stuffed pillows that had been used as a barricade. Hardy snatched the pillow, threw it overboard and ran to the down-stream side of the boat. The attack of the boarders had not lasted in all over four or five minutes, and yet in that time several of the wading party had approached considerably nearer. The moon gave sufficient light for him to see the sights of his rifle now and the dark form of the Chinese made conspicuous marks in the gleaming water. This was not over two or three inches deep on the sand in which the prow of the boat was imbedded, and two of the Chinese were running close in. Hardy killed them both with his rifle and then began to shot deliberately at those who were farther away, with such effect that he put the entire party to flight ere the ten remaining shots in his weapon were exhausted.

He turned to re-enter the melee just in time to see Boris Romanoff burst raging on deck, wrench a two-handed sword from the fingers of a dead Chinese and ply it with as much ease and skill as though it were lightest of rapiers. The attackers were gaining ground. Enough of them had come over the side to defend a portion of the rail, over which others were rapidly scrambling, while several of their number were keeping the defending party so busy that they could not use their guns to shoot them down; which, indeed, they would not have been likely to do, in any case, as Cossacks and Bouriats are primitive fighters who do not think of shooting when brought to close quarters. Boris Romanoff charged with such deadly skill that the boarders leaped over the side, back into the water, leaving two of their number dead. The other brigands followed their comrades, with the exception of one, who was bayoneted in the back just as he jumped; the rifle-barrel, striking the rail, made a fulcrum of it, so that the weapon was wrenched from the owner's hands.

And now a thing happened that made Hardy glad that he had not taken Boris Romanoff's hand. One of the Chinese was not dead, but had been stunned by a blow on the head with a pole. He sat up and looked about him, when Romanoff kicked him in the face, knocking him backward, and, snatching a gun from one of the Bouriats, pinned the man writhing to the deck. So firmly was the steel blade imbedded in the planking that the combined efforts of two men were needed to pull it out again.

The fight was over. There was no further danger of the Chinese returning to the attack that night, if at all. They had been taught a terrible lesson, though with considerable cost, it must be confessed, to the defenders. One of the Bouriats was dead, cleft deeply at the base of the neck from a blow with a two-handed sword, Smulders was wounded in the head by a gash that caused the blood to flow over his cheek. His clothing was copiously stained. Romanoff, it was found, too, had received a thrust in the leg, of which he made light, but which was bleeding profusely. The general ordered him below.

While the men were washing down the decks, Hardy went into the passage leading to the cabins. He wished to reload his rifle, and possibly get a little sleep. He wondered how the princess had fared during these terrible moments of uproar and carnage.

Her cabin door was open and he saw her within, comforting her maid and Smulders' Julia, both of whom were in hysterics. The two girls, clasped in each other's arms, were lying on a berth, with a blanket drawn over their heads, sobbing and praying.

"We have driven them off, madame," announced Hardy. "I think there is no further cause of apprehension at present." The princess, leaning over the girls, pulled the blanket from their heads, and made them understand that the enemy had fled.

"I had no fears of the result," she said, simply, "with such heroes on board." Her face was pale, but it flushed and her eyes flashed as she cried: "Oh, why am I not a man, that I might have helped you?"

"You have helped us a thousand times more by giving us such a cause to fight for," replied Hardy, earnestly.

"You are good at making pretty speeches to women," said a sneering voice behind him. "I must tell her highness of the effect which they produced in Japan."

Hardy turned and beheld Boris Romanoff towering in the passage behind him.

"But he is wounded, my brave Boris!" cried the princess, as Romanoff entered the room, limping painfully. As the princess sprang anxiously to her cousin's side and assisted him to a couch, Hardy turned away and went to his cabin.

She had not been able to understand her cousin's remark, reflected Hardy, as he had made it in English.

CHAPTER XVII.

The Figure on the Cross.

When Hardy awoke in the morning, the sun was shining against his open cabin window. He looked out and saw a stretch of yellow water, gleaming like gold in the bright rays of the early light, and, farther away, the dark green of the interminable Siberian forests. It was a peaceful scene, with nothing in it suggestive of the dreadful conflict of the night. The corpses of the slain were even now miles below, floating on and on by Cossack villages and stretches of Manchurian woodland, proclaiming with mute tongue that another conflict had taken place between the Slav and the Mongol, and with the usual result. Hardy went on deck and there beheld a solemn and affecting scene. The dead Bouriat lay on a bier improvised of two benches, with a cross on his breast. The general, the princess with her maid, and his comrades, with uncovered heads, stood by, while the captain read the burial service. All were weeping.

The simple service finished, the dead soldier, just as he was, in his high boots and faded, blood-stained uniform, and with the rude wooden cross tied to his breast, was lifted and consigned tenderly to the water, to float on and on in tireless but vain pursuit of those other corpses, some of which he himself had sent on their long, sad journey to the sea. Hardy saluted the princess gravely, and would have passed her by, but she detained him.

"Have you noticed," she asked, "that the forests are on fire?" He looked. It was true. A dense cloud of smoke was rolling up from behind a long ridge that ran parallel with the river, but no flame could be seen as yet. Half an hour later the wind shifted and blew directly from the fire, bringing the acrid smell of smoke to the nostrils of the people quarantined on the Pushkin. The fire columns were evidently advancing up the hill, for soon trees began to burst into flame here and there along its crest.

And now the Manchurians appeared again, on their own side of the river, as before. They could be plainly seen, as the distance was in reality not great, and their dark forms stood out distinctly against the strip of white sand that stretched between the woods and the river. They were making preparations of some kind. The general brought his field-glass and studied them carefully. There was no doubt that they were digging a hole, but for what purpose, it was impossible to tell.

The Chinese did not leave their intentions long in doubt, for they brought a huge cross out from the shadows of the forest, and a struggling prisoner, whom they cast down on the earth and proceeded to nail to the cross. The general turned to Hardy with white, drawn face.

"Stenka!" he groaned.

Yes, there was no doubt of it. The unfortunate Pugacheff had been captured and was now being crucified in plain sight of his comrades. The effect upon the latter, as soon as they comprehended, was indescribable. They seized their rifles, they shook impotent fists at the shore and screamed imprecations at those fiends, engaged there in their horrid work.

One of the crew, mounting a coil of rope, addressed a few impassioned remarks to his brethren, crying:

"Come on, brothers, let us save poor Stenka or die with him!"

Every member of the little band shouted:

"We will save him or die with him!"—and in a moment more all would have been over the rail, had not the old general drawn his revolver and leaped before them, crying in a voice of thunder:

"Stop! The first man who attempts to leave the boat I will shoot through the head!"—and so great was their habitual respect for authority, that they paused and regarded him in dumb amazement.

"What, my children," he said, "would ye fall into a Chinese trap? Those fiends there are crucifying poor Stenka that we should lose our wits and plunge into the water, when they will kill us one by one. We must be brave! It is harder to stand here and watch a comrade in torture than to die with him. Do you suppose that if there were the least chance of saving him I would hold you back? Is there here any man who will accuse me of cowardice? No! If you go, it is I who should lead you. But I tell you we could do nothing for poor Stenka, and that we should all be killed. Let us rather pray for divine help and that the Virgin will relieve his sufferings. The time will surely come, in God's good providence, for your revenge, and I promise that you shall feed it fat."

Even as he spoke, the cross was heaved on high, and Stenka loomed upon it, very large and plain, in the light of the sun, shining on the white stretch of sand. The general was standing with his back against the rail, the pistol in his hand. His voice had been tender, but his eye was stern and there was that in his manner which suggested accustomed command and the prestige of a dozen famous battles.

It was a critical moment, during which the fate of all on board was at stake.

For 10, 20 seconds, for half a minute, the men stood, grasping their weapons, their muscles rigid, in various attitudes of men about to rush into the fight; and then the general conquered. Several dropped their rifles clattering to the deck, and covered their faces with their hands, sobbing. Some fell on their knees and prayed, while others, with pale faces and set teeth, resumed the tasks on which they had been engaged.

The Chinese, having finished what they had to do, retired into the cover of the woods, leaving that awful thing there in the light.

Hardy turned away, his teeth chattering, sick, giddy with horror. His eyes fell on the Princess Romanovna, white as a ghost, wringing her hands and staring at the awful object.

"Oh, why does not the Virgin help me? Why is not a miracle performed?" she whispered, hoarsely. "Listen, my friend," she cried, grasping Hardy by the arm convulsively, "could you not shoot so far? Could you not put him out of his misery?"

"This is no place for you," said Hardy, "come away. Come inside."

"I will go and pray for him," she murmured, letting the American lead her toward the cabin door. "I have a sacred icon with me. I will promise the Virgin half my fortune if she will save him!"

And now an idea occurred to Hardy, the application of a desperate remedy for a desperate case. He had understood nothing of the words that had passed between the captain and the crew, though there was no possibility of mistaking their import. Why should he not again take advantage of his ignorance of Russian and act on his own initiative? While the general's back was turned, Hardy walked to the prow and dropped over the side upon a bit of hard sand. Then, rifle in hand, he ran straight toward the Manchurian shore, plashing through the shallow water that flew about him in a spray. Men shouted after him from the Pushkin. He paid no attention, but ran on, his eyes fixed on the cross and the burden that it bore. Once he stepped into a channel where the water was up to his armpits and running so swiftly that it nearly swept him from his feet, but he struggled through and dashed on again.

A dozen or more Chinese came out of the forest and regarded him in wonder. Then, raising rifles, they took deliberate aim and commenced to shoot, the bullets striking about him in the water. One, that hit several rods ahead of him, "skipped" like a child's pebble and passed close to him. And still Hardy ran on, his eyes fixed on the man on the cross. He could see the features now, but could not recognize them, they were so distorted with agony. The head was moving slowly from side to side.

"Stop! The First Man Who Attempts to Leave the Boat I Will Shoot!"

CHAPTER XVIII.

A Hard Shot.

The number of Chinese who emerged from the forest was surprising. There must have been 100 of them, at least 20 of whom were mounted. There could be no further doubt as to their purpose in thus torturing Stenka, openly and in full sight of the Pushkin. They hoped that his comrades, maddened by the sight, would rush to his aid immediately, or would fall into the trap later, believing that the Chinese had gone away and left him there to suffer. So great was their astonishment now, when they realized that only one person was coming to Stenka's rescue, that they ceased shooting and stood staring in wonder. And still Hardy ran on, across the wide and shallow river, his eyes fixed on that spectacle of agony. At last he stopped, for the time had come for him to do the thing he must do. He could get no nearer without the absolute certainty of being shot down. There was no other way. It would not have been possible for Stenka's friends to reach that cross without all being picked off from the woods. He cast one glance at the shore, measuring the distance with the keen, accurate eye of the marksman. Then he removed his glasses and wiped the moisture, tears, perhaps, from his eyes. Replacing them, he aimed at Stenka, and prayed:

"Receive his soul, O God!" He fired. The head stopped that dreadful moving from side to side, and Hardy could feel, even at that distance, that the eyes were fixed on his own, in comprehension. He will believe, to his dying day, that there was gratitude in them. He had missed, however, and now the Chinese, grasping his purpose, began shooting at him in earnest, and several of the horsemen urged their steeds into the water. With the bullets scattering all about him, Hardy set his teeth and fired again.

Poor Stenka's sufferings were over. His chin fell forward on his breast and the body collapsed limply on the wooden peg thrust between his thighs.

"Thank God!" cried Hardy, and, turning, he ran back toward the boat, ran madly, desperately, as he had run but once before, and that was the time when he heard the princess scream and saved her from the brigands.

On he ran over the hard sand covered with a sheet of rippling water, carrying his rifle low and bending at the hips. He realized that every step was taking him farther from those savages on the shore, was putting a greater distance between himself and their rifles. He scarcely believed that he could get away without being wounded. If they would only kill him outright, or would hit him in some spot that would not prevent his running! He listened, as a hare before the pursuing hunter, for the sound of the guns, and still he ran on.

But the Chinese did not shoot again, and now from the Pushkin came half a dozen men to the rescue, deployed in open formation, like a troop of trained soldiers, with their eyes fixed on something behind him. They were shouting to him, but Hardy could not understand.

He turned, looked, and knew why the enemy had ceased shooting. They feared killing their own horsemen, who were between him and the shore, and bearing down on him rapidly. There were at least a dozen of them, and in a minute more three, better mounted than the others, would have been upon him. These were bending close to their horses' necks, and were armed with long swords to cut him down. The American aimed at the horses and fired rapidly, three times. One of the animals, mortally wounded, sank to his knees, while the others, stung and maddened by the bullets, became unmanageable and ran snorting back toward the Manchurian shore.

The Cossacks now came up, and, turning in a volley on the mounted brigands, emptied one saddle and compelled the entire party to retire, which they did slowly, shaking their swords at the Russians and yelling imprecations. They were destined, however, to lose one more of their number. The man whose horse Hardy had killed was making frantic but unsuccessful efforts to get away, his leg being pinned down beneath the dead animal. To him one of the Bouriats ran up and, wrenching the man's own sword from his hand, cleft his skull with it and left him there with his dead steed.

When Hardy again reached the deck of the Pushkin, the general and the captain each shook his hand in silence, and the princess, her beautiful eyes red with weeping, said to him:

"It was an act of mercy, my friend, for which we all thank you. The soul of brave Stenka, now in heaven, will be grateful to you."

"It was a hard thing to do," replied Hardy, faint almost to falling, "but I could not endure the sight of the agony—I could not bear to have you look at it. It is what I should have wanted some one to do for me," he added, as though further extenuation were necessary.

"Then," said the princess with a sad, solemn smile, "it was a Christ-like act, a deed of sublime courage, and so I shall ever regard it. But you are faint, my friend. Go and lie down and be sure that the Virgin and all the saints approve what you have just done."

"Thanks, a thousand thinks," murmured Hardy. "If you approve, I am sure that it was right."

And still there were no signs of help, no sounds of galloping hoofs, on the military road yonder, that wound in and out of the dark forest, or stretched like a long white ribbon by the side of the yellow river.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Hood's Sarsaparilla

By virtue of its unequaled blood-purifying, nerve-strengthening, stomach-toning, appetite-restoring properties, is the one Great Spring Medicine.

Get it today. In liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs. 100 doses $1.

Hamilton's Patent Milking Stool
with Pail Holder.

Patented March 20, 1906.
One of the most practical and simple labor saving inventions of the age. Send one dollar for sample stool. Agents wanted for this section.
HAMILTON MILKING STOOL COMPANY
Newport, Vt.

Seldom See
a big knee like this, but your horse may have a bunch or bruise on his Ankle, Hock, Stifle, Knee or Throat.
ABSORBINE
Before After will clean them off without laying the horse up. No blister, no hair gone. $2.00 per bottle. Book 8 E free.
ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, $1 and $2. Removes Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Goitre, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins, Varicosities, Old Sores. Allays Pain. Your druggist can supply and give references. Will tell you more if you write. Book free. Manufactured only by
W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Your Opportunity If you are a farmer, if you know how to raise potatoes and other crops which go with them, there is a fine opening for you in a location where you can soon make $10 to $20 an acre land worth $100 to $150 an acre. This has often been done in Tidewater, Virginia. The pioneer work has been accomplished and the region proved of great value for potatoes. Large yields made. The district is within 24 hours of 10,000,000 people. There are other splendid regions on the Southern Railway lines for potatoes and other truck crops. Write now for information. M. V. Richards, Land and Industrial Agt., 13½th St., Washington, D.C.

For Every Man and All Men
NO STROPPING NO HONING
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

The Vested Interests.

"Yes, Mrs. Snoggs, I 'oped as 'ow they would get tariff reform and make the foreigner pay, as we've got one in our top-floor back and I ain't 'ad nothink of him for six weeks now."—The Tatler.

The Marine Naturalist.

The Ancient Mariner told of shooting the albatross.

"Were you photographed in the act, and did you save the bullet?" asked the wedding guest.

Sadly the old tar realized that he was out of date.

A Small Loaf.

A half-famished fellow in the southern states tells of a baker (whose loaves had been growing "smaller by degrees and beautifully less") who, when going his rounds to serve his customers, stopped at the door of one and knocked, when the lady within exclaimed: "Who's there?" and was answered: "The baker." What do you want?" "To leave your bread." "Well ,you needn't make such a fuss about it; put it through the keyhole."

The Dog Settled It.

The multimillionaire was uncertain.

"But how do I know you can support my daughter in the manner to which she has been accustomed?" he demanded, dubiously.

The imported nobleman smiled blandly.

"I will go ze test," he volunteered.

"What test?"

"I will lif witth you one year and see how she is accustomed and zen I will know what to say."

But just then James, the footman, liberated the $5,000 bulldog.

Many a Clever Housewife

Has learned that to serve

Post Toasties

Saves worry and labor, and pleases each member of the family as few other foods do.

The crisp, dainty, fluffy bits are fully cooked—ready to serve from the package with cream or good milk.

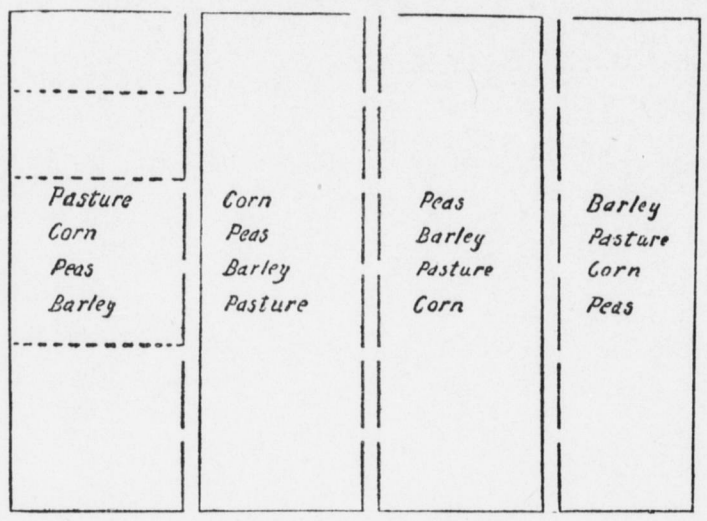
Give the home-folks a treat.

"The Memory Lingers"
Pkgs 10c. and 15c.

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

EXCELLENT METHOD OF ROTATING HOG PASTURES

Illustration of Forty Acres Divided Into Four Equal Parts, All Enclosed with Permanent Wire Fence—Produce Pork Cheaply.



Subdivided Hog Pasture.

We hve set apart a 40-acre piece of land 80 rods square that we will in the future use exclusively as a rotation of hog pastures. As indicated by the accompanying illustration, the 40 acres is divided into four equal sized fields with a lane two rods wide between each field, leaving each field exactly 18½ rods wide and 80 rods long, writes L. P. Martiny, in Homestead. These four fields are inclosed with a permanent fence. In our case, raising hogs entirely for breeding purposes, we use a woven wire fence with nine longitudinal bars 36 inches high. All corner and end posts are secured in position by digging the post hole in the ordinary manner to the depth of four feet. The post is then put in position and the hole filled with wet concrete mixed in the proportion of one part best Portland cement to eight or ten parts of good, clean, coarse gravel. This may seem like a very small proportion of cement, and it certainly would be for ordinary concrete work, but being in the ground it cannot get away and forms a perfectly hard mass, which is all that is required. We reinforce this concrete by putting in a couple of coils of two to three strands of old barb wire to hold the whole mass intact, as it has a tendency to crack or split by the great strain we put on the post in stretching the fencing. With the use of this concrete we use no brace or brace posts whatever to support the end posts, thus simplifying the construction of the fence to a considerable extent. Besides the posts will be preserved longer in the concrete than if placed in the soil.

Each field has six gates at equal distances apart along one side of the pasture and a large post is set in concrete in the fence on the other side of the field, opposite each gate so that a temporary fence may be placed between one of the gate posts and the post on the opposite side of the field, thus sub-dividing each field as occasion may demand. We aim to divide our pigs so that there are not more than 20 to 25 pigs in each lot.

Our plan of rotation is to have a piece of new seeding of a mixture of medium and alsike clover with a little timothy as a pasture for the pigs. In the next lot we sow Canada field peas, which thrive very well in our climate and soil. On our soil we prefer to leave the land fall plowed. As early in the spring as the land is ready to work we disk the land in good shape and sow the peas with a drill, at the rate of 2½ bushels per acre, drilling them in as deeply as possible and finishing with a fine smoothing harrow.

From the tenth to the fifteenth of July the peas will be full grown and the peas begin to harden, at which time we turn the pigs into the field of peas to hog them off, still allowing them the run of the clover pasture. This field of peas with the addition of a very little or no other feed will last the pigs very nicely until about the middle of September, when the pigs will be in a very thrifty condition; showing great development of bone and muscle on account of the rich protein feed furnished them by the peas

In the next field to the peas we plant a rather early maturing variety of corn which will come to perfect maturity by the middle of September or first of October. This corn field will be where we had the clover pasture the year previous, which will put it in fine condition for the crop of corn. We lay the corn by rather early, cultivating it the last time soon after the first of July, and sowing about five pounds of rape seed per acre at the last cultivation. The pigs are turned in the field of corn from September 15 to October 1, when they are in just the right condition to make very rapid and cheap gains. The rape in the corn will make a good growth during a favorable season and will serve as a variety and relish for the hogs away on into winter. In the fourth field, which will be where we grew peas the year previous, we will sow barley and seed down to clover and timothy with the barley. We harvest the barley in the usual manner, thresh and grind it. The reason we use barley in this field is because it is about the safest crop to seed which we have, and we are very anxious to get a good catch of the clover seeding. In this rotation we have, first, clover pasture one year, then corn, then Canada field peas, then barley and seed down.

The great advantages of this rotation of hog pastures are that we can produce pork very cheaply; we can produce it with a very small amount of labor, as we let the hogs do their own harvesting, and we have considerably less feed to haul to them than where they are hand-fed entirely; and lastly, our hogs are maintained in a healthier condition because of their great range, their change of pasturage and the changing of their pastures every year.

RELIABLE DATA REGARDING FEED

Experiments to Obtain Best Method of Feeding Steers Briefly Summarized—"Long-Fed" Best.

(BY PROF. J. H. SKINNER, INDIANA EXPERIMENT STATION.)

Experiments to obtain reliable data regarding the best method of feeding steers, considering the length of the feeding period, show the following results briefly summarized:

A short feeding period necessitates the purchase of heavy fleshy steers which would usually be marketed as killers.

"Short-fed" cattle consume a greater proportion of concentrates to roughage than "long-fed" cattle.

"Short-fed" cattle made a greater daily gain per head than "long-fed" cattle.

In the first test the total amount of corn necessary to finish each steer was 34 bushels in the "short-fed" lot and 54.6 bushels in the "long-fed" lot; in the second test 42.5 bushels in the "short-fed" lot and 61.1 bushels in the "long-fed" lot.

During the period when both lots of cattle were in the feed lot there was a greater profit per head from feeding the heavier, fleshier steers.

In the first test the margin necessary to prevent loss on the "short-fed" cattle at the time of marketing was 48 cents per 100; on the "long-fed" cattle at the same time 50 cents, and on the "long-fed" cattle at the time of marketing $1.04 per 100.

In the second test the margin necessary to prevent loss on the "short-fed" cattle at the time of marketing was 92 cents per 100; on the "long-fed" cattle at the same time $1.01 per 100, and at the time of marketing $1.54 per 100.

The cost of gains was cheaper on the thinner cattle during the first three months of the test, but when fed to the same marketable finish the cost of gains was practically the same.

In short-feeding cattle for late summer and fall markets it is necessary to start with very fleshy feeders of excellent beef type in order that they will not sell in competition with western grass-fed cattle.

Additional data will be necessary before definite conclusions may be drawn as to the profits resulting from these two methods of feeding, due to the many variable factors which have a direct bearing on the profit and loss in cattle feeding.

Easy with the Nervous Horse.

To cure a "scary" or nervous horse none but gentle measures are of any use. To whip a horse for shying at an object only makes him the more afraid of it, as of course he will connect the whipping with it.

Sometimes horses are made scary by having their foretops hanging over their eyes, which gives objects the appearance of moving.

When a horse shies at an object speak kindly and reassuringly to him and gently urge him up to it, let him smell of it and see that it does not hurt him. He will soon learn to have more confidence both in himself and his master.

Water Always.

The egg is over 60 per cent. water, Therefore, it is very important that the fowls be supplied with abundance of water summer and winter. Certain experiment stations have found that no better results can be gotten from warming the water in winter than if it is given right from the well. Many have the idea that it pays, but this seems to prove that it does not.

UNCLE JOE CANNON

HE ALSO SPEAKS WELL OF CANADA.

No matter what may be the opinion of Mr. Joseph Cannon, no matter if he may be looked upon by some as a czar, and by others as a big warm-hearted man, with many of the instincts that make humanity very bearable, all will admit that he is a man who has been advertised more than any other man in the United States. What he may have to say therefore on any subject, will have weight. Observant, he speaks his mind freely. He was interviewed the other day by the correspondent of a Canadian newspaper. He spoke of his admiration for Canada, and he is quoted in a way that pictures farily well the personal of the man. The correspondent says he launched out into personal biography, proverbial philosophy, political comment, cynical scorn, broad profanity and sentimental poetry such as one rarely hears in the space of an hour. He discussed the Canadian tariff, and then said: "People say I break the Ten Commandmants, all of them. But I don't, at least not often. I did break one of them up in Canada two or three years ago. As I rode from Winnipeg to the Rockies over your great West and saw the finest wheatfields in the world, I thought of Virginia and a lot of our States, and I smashed the Tenth Commandment every hour of the journey. Yes, sir, I coveted my neighbor's land." Coming from a man of the fame of Mr. Cannon, these were words that should have some weight with the Americans who may still have doubts of the advantages that are offered to them in Western Canada. A home amongst the wheatfields. Hundreds of thousands of Americans are adopting it. They go to Central Canada, to any one of the three Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or to the Coast Province of British Columbia, take up their homestead of 160 acres, and probably pre-empt another 160 acres, or it may be they do not care for pioneering twenty or thirty miles from an existing railway, and purchase a farm. Then they settle upon it and, having no clearing away of timber they begin at once to cultivate it, and make money. That they make money and much more than they could possibly make on the high-priced farms they have left, is the evidence of hundreds of thousands They do not leave civilized life, they but remove from one sphere to another. They have splendid social conditions, churches, schools, rural telephones, splendid roads, railways, convenient just the same as what they left, and what is more, they get much greater returns from their crops, which give abundant yield. The climate is perfect, and it is no wonder that most flattering reports are sent back to their friends in the States, and it is no wonder that Joe Cannon was tempted to speak as he did. He "coveted" his neighbor's land.

His Views on Suffrage.

When a female canvasser asked an old farmer to sign a petition in favor of a woman's movement he eyed the document for a while with suspicion. "No, I'm again' it, sure," was the reply, with the emphasis of a man who had had some domestic infelicity. "A woman who's allus a-movin' is allus a-gettin' in trouble. If you've got anything to keep her quiet I'll sign it."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Making a Guess.

"Johnny, do you know why I am going to whip you?"

"Why?"

"Because you struck a boy smaller than yourself."

"I thought maybe it was because I am smaller than you are."

EFFECTS OF LIQUOR REMOVED IN 84 MINUTES.
Drunkenness is unworthy when you can have it removed without anybody's knowledge. Acme simple home-treatment will do the work. Write E. Fortin, R 316 Dickey Bldg., Chicago, Ill, for free trial.

A man's idea of a generous act is having a chance to take all another fellow's money and leaving him some loose change.

Pettit's Eye Salve for 25c
relieves tired, overworked eyes, stops eye aches, congested, inflamed or sore eyes. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

To love abundantly is to live abundantly, and to love forever is to live forever.—Drummond.

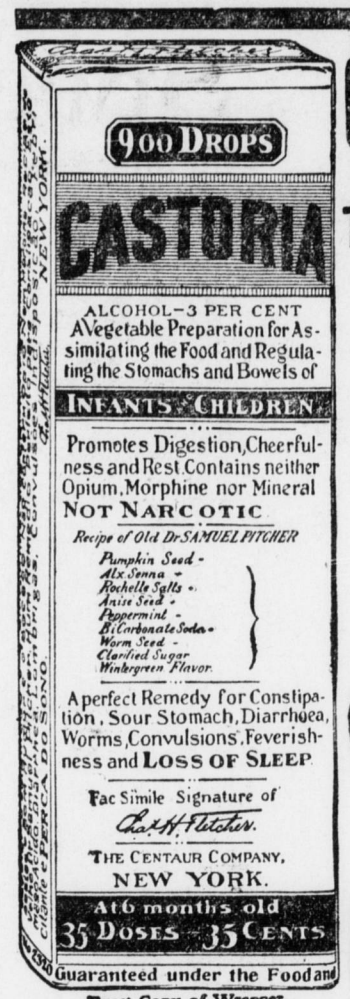
ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM
will cure not only a fresh cold, but one of those stubborn coughs that usually hang on for months. Give it a trial and prove its worth. 25c. 50c and $1.00.

Grass widows are as new mown hay to some men.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The woman who loses her hearing may be thankful it wasn't her voice.

HOMESTEAD 132 ACRES. Best farm in vicinity. Unsurpassed opportunities. Timber pay for it. Unusual bargain. Particulars. Congress St., Bradford, Pa.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CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP
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THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
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At 6 months old
35 DOSES 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
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CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Overland
The King of Cars

No other car has so large a sale—none has made such amazing records. Price, $1,000 up.

It requires four factories, employing 4,000 men—turning out 140 Overlands daily—to meet the flood-like demand for these cars. Yet two years ago a hundred rivals had a larger sale.

The reason lies largely in the car's utter simplicity. Its able designer made it almost trouble-proof.

He created an engine which, for endurance, is the marvel of engineering.

He designed the pedal control. One goes forward or backward, slow or fast, by merely pushing pedals. The hands have nothing to do but steer.

A child can master the car in ten minutes. A novice can drive it a thousand miles without any thought of trouble.

The Overland always keeps going, and almost cares for itself. All the usual complexities have been eliminated.

That is why each car sells others, and our orders for this year's Overlands amount to $24,000,000.

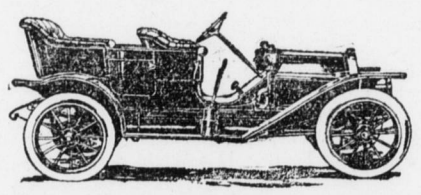
Another fact is that no other car gives nearly so much for the money. This is due to our enormous output, and the fortunes invested in our automatic machinery. It would bankrupt a smaller maker to try to compete with us.

You can get a 25-horsepower Overland, with a 102-inch wheel base, for $1,000. You can get a 40-horsepower Overland, with a 112-inch wheel base, for $1,250. The prices include lamps and magneto.

This car, which has captured the country, is the car you will want when you know it.

Two Free Books

Nothing is published about automobiles so interesting as the facts about Overlands. They are told in two books which we want to send you. Every motor car lover should have them. Cut out this coupon as a reminder to write for the books today.



$1,000 to $1,500.—According to size, style and power

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The Willys-Overland Co.
Toledo, Ohio
Licensed Under Selden Patent
Please send me the two books free.

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SHINGLES TETTER BURNS ECZEMA ERYSIPELAS CHAFING
RESINOL
RING WORM HERPES POISON IVY ITCHING RASHES ABRASIONS

a soothing, healing ointment for all eruptions and irritations of the skin and a certain cure for itching piles. 50 cents a jar, all druggists, or sent direct on receipt of price.

RESINOL CHEMICAL COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD.

"RESINOL is the best application I have ever seen for burns."
H. B. Withers, Mineral Wells, Texas.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE
FOR **PINK EYE** DISTEMPER CATARRHAL FEVER AND ALL NOSE AND THROAT DISEASES

Cures the skin and acts as a preventive for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy; 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle; $5.00 and $10.00 the dozen. Sold by all druggists and horse goods houses, or sent express paid, by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists. GOSHEN, INDIANA

NEOPLATONISM
Send 25 cents for a three months' trial subscription to QUO VADIS and 10 issues of the CLIFFSIDE VULCAN the smallest magazine in the world, issued upon a folder post card. The VULCAN was started to commemorate the Hudson-Fulton celebration but owing to unforeseen circumstances was prevented from coming out in time for that event but inasmuch as it had more to do with the next great show that is to take place in New York—a great Universal Exposition or World's Fair in 1925, it will be all the more timely and appreciated now.
Quo Vadis is the enlarged form which the post card memento is to take on together with the work of a study of the knotty problems of the better Housing of the Poor in Both City and Country, the socalled **Farmers' Uplift, Conservation, Economics, Socialism,** and kindr d topics and especially the light which NEOPLATONISM, the Bible and other ancient literature and philosophies throw upon those subjects. 25 cents for 10 issues of the VULCAN and a three months' trial of QUO VADIS.
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We can put you into one of the best things ever offered investors. Address Room 102 Havemeyer Building, New York City

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PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

Bad Taste
in your mouth removed while you wait—that's true. A Cascaret taken when the tongue is thick-coated with the nasty squeamish feeling in stomach, brings relief. It's easy, natural way to help nature help you. 903

CASCARETS—10c box—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

How is it Possible?

We are selling one piece House Dresses, made of Percale, (style of cut), for each **$1.00**

The same style made of Gingham for - - **$1.25**

A Dressmaker would charge that much for the making alone. All sizes from 32 to 44.

Special Mill End Sale

We offer 200 large size 11 1-4 Single Gray Cotton Blankets, subject to slight imperfections, at each - - - - - - - - - - - 39c

Hotel and Boarding House Keepers of Cameron County should take advantage of this sale. An opportunity to buy Blankets at 39c does not present itself very often.

Mill Ends of Excellent 64 inch Bleached Irish Table Damask in handsome patterns. Lengths 2, 2½ and 3 yds. The regular price of this damask is 69c. Per yard - 49c

500 yards Mill Ends of best quality Striped Seersucker Gingham, regular price 12½c. Sale price per yard - - - - - - - - - - 10c

800 yards of Bleached, "Wamsutta" 36 inch Cotton, in lengths of from 2 to 16 yds. Regular price 14c. Sale price per yard - - - - - 10 1/2c

300 yards fine quality, 36 inch Cambric, suitable for underwear, Waists, Etc. Regular 15c quality. Mill End sale price - - - - - - 12 1/2c

Important Embroidery Sale

More than 3,000 yards to select from. All of the very best quality.

Reg. price **15c, 19c, 22c, 25 to 30c**

Sale price **10c, 12c, 15c, 19c**

Stylish Millinery

It pays to buy your Millinery here. We ask the same small profit on Millinery as we do on Dry Goods. Our assortment is very large and up-to-date. See the Trimmed Hats we are selling at from - - **2.50 to $5.00**

Lace Curtain Sale

We offer special low prices on Ruffled and Lace Curtains.

Ruffled Curtains 19c, 35c, 50c, 59c, 69c, 75c and - - - **$1.00**

Lace Curtains very special at per pair - - - - **$1.00**

Door Pannels and Curtain Material at lowest prices.

Wrappers

Made of best quality. Prints in neat Blue, Gray and Black Figures and Stripes. Style of cut.

$1.00 each.

All sizes from 32 to 44.

May Manton Paper Patterns all 10c.

Why pay more for patterns.

Real Hair Switches

24 inches long at, each - - **$2.00**

There will be no more at this price when our present stock is sold out.

R. Kuehne, Emporium's Greatest Store.

Velvet Ribbon at a Bargain

3 inch wide Velvet Ribbon for Hat Trimming. All bright colors and black, per yard - **15c**

May Manton Fashion Books 10c each.

If you buy a pattern you can have a book for 5c.

Breezy County News

BEECHWOOD.

Fishermen are very numerous in our town now.

James Bennett of Philadelphia, is the guest of his grand-mother, Mrs. John Wylie at this place.

Clayton Toner and wife, of Howard Siding, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. Viner and daughter Sara, of Emporium, are visiting Mrs. Logan at this place.

Messrs. Sharp Rice, Chas. Reid, and Michael Evers called on friends in St. Marys, Saturday.

A number of our folks attended the social at Howard Siding Saturday evening. A good time was reported.

The Emporium visitors this week were: Mesdames James Logan, J. Montgomery, Geo. Leavitt, and Skillman; Messrs. Chas. Rice, D. M. Toner, Robt. Morrison and Jos. Cook.

Miss Dehlia Lawson, who has been quite ill for the past, week is somewhat improving, Dr. Bush is attending.

John Rohn of Keating has moved his family to this place. He expects to work as a sawyer in one of the mills soon.

Richard Lawson of St. Marys and M. M. Lawson of Falls Creek were guests of relatives in town Sunday.

Mrs. David Toner spent Sunday in St. Marys.

Frank Geswinder, a telegraph operator, from Austin, is spending the week in town.

A number of young folks have planned to go to Clear Creek on a fishing trip Monday—if the weather permits. Among them will be found several St. Marys people. This will be much enjoyed. Invite us to dinner.

Claud Lyon of Emporium went through our town last week, taking the Census.

O. M. Smith, of Kane, was in town this week.

Wonder how long before we can serenade?

A number of our people who attended the social Saturday evening at Howard Siding have been singing the latest songs: "Goodbye John" and "Gee, I've got the Blues." Let the good work go on boys.

Miss Whaley spent Sunday in Emporium.

R. J. Smith of Coryland was in town last week.

RAINBOW.

One Conductor Who Was Cured.

Mr. Wilford Adams is his name, and he writes about it.—Some time ago I was confined to my bed with chronic rheumatism. I used two bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy with good effect, and the third bottle put me on my feet and I resumed work as conductor on the Lexington. Ky., Street Railway. It gave me more relief that any medicine I had ever used, and it will do all you claim in cases of rheumatism." Foley's Kidney Remedy cures rheumatism by eliminating the uric acid from the blood. Sold by the Emporium Drug Co.

MEDIX RUN.

Chas. Smith was a Falls Creek visitor Saturday.

John Wagner was a visitor at Punxsutawney Tuesday.

Ethel Haskins, who has been here for some time, left Monday morning to visit her grand-parents at Costello.

The Catholic Society held a supper in Robinson's Hall, Wednesday evening. Our town band furnished the music.

The Census taker, of Benezette, was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. John Wagner, who has been at the Adrian Hospital for some time, returned home Tuesday, much improved in health.

L. R. Moody, of DuBois, was in town on Wednesday.

A dance was held in Robinson's Hall, Friday evening. The dance was largely attended and all report a fine time. Ice cream and cake was served on the stage.

Born, to C. R. Fleggle and wife, a girl, Tuesday, April 19, 1910.

Born, to Abner Hill and wife, a girl, one day last week.

Mrs. Stanley Allen and Miss Augusta Riss were Penfield visitors Wednesday.

Miss Harriet Nefcy, of Driftwood, was the guest of het sister, Mrs. Robinson, at this place last week.

P. Maloy, of Pittsburg, was a business visitor at this place on Thursday.

Catherine Daly and Helen DeHass, of Benezette, attended the supper here Wednesday night.

Mrs. Sugerts, of Penfield, had a parlytic stroke, a few days ago and is in very poor health. Her daughter, Mrs. Wagner, of this place, brought her home to take care of her.

Mike McCauley, and Billy Dill, of Spring Run, are working on the mill at this place.

Peter Resinger, of Caledonia, was in town one day last week.

Mrs. W. H. Krise is very sick at this writing.

D. H. Spitler, of DuBois, was in town on business, Wednesday.

W. C. Bauman, of Lock Haven, transacted business here on Saturday.

Miss Abbie Ross was shopping in DuBois Saturday.

Clarence English and wife, of Byrnedale, spent Sunday with the latter's sister, at this place.

What's the attraction, Ezra?

Silas Munn, was in town Friday.

Mrs. Ray Smith, of Huntley, who has been visiting her parents at this place, returned home last week.

James Barr and wife, of this place, are in very poor health Mr. Barr having consumption and is not able to walk without the aid of a cane. Mrs. Barr, having rheumatism and at times cannot attend to her household duties. Mr. Barr lives about half a mile from town on a farm.

The people of this place ought to take interest and see that this worthy pair are cared for in their sickness.

Mrs. John Hockenberry and son, of Force, attended the dance here Friday night.

Birket London was taking in the sights at DuBois Saturday.

Miss Florence DeWie, of Force, spent Sunday at the home of Dan Ross and family.

BLUE JACKET.

Prompt relief in all cases of throat and lung trouble if you use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pleasant to take, soothing and healing in effect. Sold by all dealers.

SINNAMAHONING.

The heavy rains for the past few days have caused a six foot flood in the creek.

Glen Johnson and John Penrith started on a trip through the western States on Tuesday.

Grant Johnson sold his driving team to Mr. Cole, of Potters Dale, last Monday.

Geo. Hoover and wife, of Cherry Dale, visited friends over Sunday.

J. L. McGonigal and H. A. Confer were callers on Tuesday, looking up a team of horses.

Elmer Smith, of Emporium, visited his family over Sunday.

John Berfield, of Hicks Run, was down on Saturday making arrangements to rent his house.

Seth Nelson, the champion bear hunter, of Clinton county, was a caller on Monday.

Joe Logue came over from Hunters Rest, on Tuesday. He reports the water too high for fishing.

Camp No. 122, P. O. of A., visited Camp 29 at Hicks Run, last Thursday night. They all report having a good time. They took a look over the DuBois big mill while there and came home on the afternoon train, Friday, well pleased with the trip.

A select dance was given at Logue's Hall on Tuesday evening. A very large attendance was present.

A seven cent course supper will be given at Logue's hall next Wednesday evening by the Ladies Aid Society for the benefit of the M. E. Church. A large crowd is expected.

Anthony Fulton, census enumerator, is nearly through with his job of taking the census. Mr. Fulton says he has some times with some of the ladies.

M. Blodget is headquarters for fresh eels, catfish and other saltwater fish, every week. They are not kiln dried or cold storage. Just fresh fish.

Bear hunting is about all over up the First Fork and the mighty hunters and trappers are after suckers and bullheads. They follow the path that the mink made which Fred. Caland caught.

Fred. Williams and John Mix are getting up a stretcher to carry in bears alive this fall. They are going into the business on a large scale as live bears bring a big price.

Wm. Smith reports catching a large trout at the mouth of Wykoff Run. As he was measuring it, it got away and started up First Fork. It was 21½ inches long and weighed about five pounds. Next.

This rainy weather is hard on the fire fiends; they will have to wait until next spring to do the balance of their work, as they did not get quite all the woods burned over.

The Cameron Powder Co., will get their locomotive this week, which will be a big help to them in moving their stock, from the railroad to the plant. They will be making powder in a few days, after they get their machinery all placed.

Up to Wednesday morning the body of Ortha Smith has not been found and a diligent search is still continued in hopes to find her body.

DEBSE.

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are the well-known remedy of today for all kidney trouble—but when you ask for DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, insist on having them. Beware of imitations; avoid substitutes; get the original DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. Sold by all druggists.

CAMERON.

More rain. Too wet to farm; water too high to fish.

Fishermen so far report poor success with the speckled beauties.

The Consolidated Water Co's. line is about completed and water will soon be had in abundance.

The Cameron ball nine is slowly rounding into shape and it is reported a a game is scheduled in the near future.

J. W. Harvey and Harry Morse is on the sick list, but hope nothing serious, although the latter is reported a very sick boy.

Ed. McCracken, of Emporium, visited friends here on Sunday.

Harvey Barger, of Calder, visited in Emporium Saturday, returning Sunday morning.

Warren McConnell. while using some dynamite the past week, had the misfortune of loosing some of his clothes by a premature explosion, but was not hurt; but badly scared.

Mary Stuart, of Emporium, spent Sunday in this place with friends and relatives.

Roscoe Evans is still located at Big Run, doing the first trick stunt, and acting as fish warden in that district.

Quite a number of wild ducks were seen in the near waters the past week, but were too wild to get a shot at. Maybe a lucky thing too, as the law is strict if enforced.

LOUISE.

SINNAMAHONING.

Chas. A. Counsil made a trip to Emporium, the first of the week.

Mrs. A. T. Swartwood returned home last Saturday, after spending a few days with her son and family at Emporium.

James Wykoff spent last Sunday at Ridgway.

Mrs. Joe Kinsley and daughter have returned from an extended visit with relatives, near Emporium.

Mrs. Jas. Montgomery visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. B. Crum this week.

The young folks enjoyed themselves at a party at the home of Judge Wykoff, last Saturday evening.

Louie Lovine, of Hicks Run, spent Sunday in town.

Mrs. John Clontz returned from visiting relatives and friends at Milton, last Saturday evening.

Rev. Runyan and daughter attended the graduation exercises at Driftwood last Thursday evening.

The high water caused the collapse of a wire foot bridge across the First Fork stream, about six miles from here, Monday, and caused the death of Miss Ortha Smith by drowning. Two men and a boy had a narrow escape.

Amos Fenton spent last Sunday at his home in Emporium.

"Hopper's" moving picture show was here last week and was as liberally patronized as usual.

The Sunday School, held a seven cent supper and social in the Hall Wednesday evening.

Misses Theo. and Fannie Penrith and Lula Logue, visited in Emporium Tuesday last.

XXX

Your tongue is coated.
Your breath is foul.
Headaches come and go.
These symptoms show that your stomach is the trouble. To remove the cause is the first thing, and Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will do that. Easy to take and most effective Sold by all dealers.

STERLING RUN.

Morgan Foster, of Wilcox, was the guest of his brother, H. F. Foster between trains Friday.

Mrs. James Berry took her little daughter to Lock Haven hospital for treatment Tuesday.

Nathan Silin and little daughter of Sinnamahoning, were the guests of Abe Padolf and family Tuesday.

Mrs. J. L. Wright, of Erie, was the guest of her mother Mrs. M. E. Herrick recently.

Mr. Chas. Craven is quite poorly at this writing.

Mrs. Lyde Ogden, of Marathon, N. Y. is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Samue Smith.

Mrs. Jane Oliver and son, of Willinks, N. Y., were the guests of the former's mother, Mrs Joe Moore last week.

Benj. Dayton moved Saturday on the farm he recently purchased from William Gilmartin. Henry Pettit former occupant, moved on the Fred Shaffer farm.

Albert Smith visited his parents at Beech Creek over Sunday.

G. Wright Mason was quite ill with maleria the past week. But better at this writing.

Mrs L. C. Summerson visited her father at Lock Haven hospital Saturday.

Mrs. C. A. Dice returned home from Stewartstown Tuesday where she has been for several weeks on occount of the serious illness of her father who is better at this writing.

BLUE BELL.

HICKS RUN.

Nina Morrison spent Sunday at her home in Renovo.

Thos. Wilson, of St. Marys, is taking an enforced vacation and recovering from injuries received while at work in the woods.

A derailed car, opposite Hicks Run, delayed traffic on the P. R. R., several hours last Friday.

Many fishermen with large smiles and full baskets have been seen in our midst since opening of the season.

Mrs. John Dunn was a DuBois caller one day last week.

Mrs. O. S. Bailey, of Sinnamahoning, visited friends in town on Friday and Saturday last.

Dr. Merrill is nursing a sore hand, as he was unfortunate enough to sever several ligaments.

Born, April 22, to Fred Mix and wife a daughter.

Severel members of the P. O. S. of A., of Sinnamahoning, attended a meeting of that order, in town, last Thursday evening.

John Housler, of Sterling Run, was seen on our streets Sunday.

Owing to the illness of the pastor, Rev. Beale, no preaching services were held here Sunday evening.

A. S. Hicks, an old and respected citizen of this vicinity, and a veteran of the Civil War, died Wednesday, April 20th. Deceased was about sixty-four years of age. He is survived by a wife and several sons and daughters.

B. E. W.

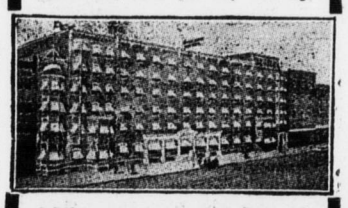
For Sale.

Five hundred railroad ties, 8½ feet long, 3 to 5 inch face, birch, beach and maple. At Howard Siding, P. R. R.

AMOS KRESGE,
10-2t. DuBois, Pa.

Cedar Shingles $4.50 per thousand at B. Howard & Co's.

WINDSOR HOTEL
W. T. BRUBAKER, Manager.
European, $1.00 per day and up
American, $2.50 per day and up



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